

# WATERBORNE COATING HAVING IMPROVED CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5           This invention relates to waterborne coatings having improved chemical resistance.

Conventional latex paints are widely used because they provide low volatile organic compound emission and because they allow easier clean up than solvent borne coatings. However, when compared to solvent borne coating systems, typical latex coatings lack the chemical resistance provided by such solvent borne coatings.

10           It has now been found that latex coating compositions having superior chemical resistance can be produced by formulating a chemical coating comprising a binder resin having post crosslinking groups, an associative thickener having post crosslinking groups and an associative dispersant having post crosslinking groups. The crosslinking groups present in the polymer of the dispersant and/or the thickener can be adjusted, depending on the particular binder resin used, to optimize the desired performance properties of the coating composition.

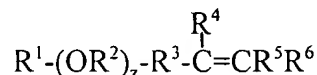
15           Specifically, a coating composition can be tailor made to have increased chemical resistance, corrosion resistance, humidity resistance and/or adhesion to a particular substrate by altering the levels of crosslinking on the binder, thickener and dispersant. The coating composition of the present invention may be ambient cured, oven cured or radiation cured.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

20           The present invention is directed to an aqueous coating composition in which the binder polymer, thickener polymer and/or dispersant polymer have functional groups that further react

some time after initial formation of the polymer. The aqueous coating composition contains (a) a binder polymer comprising at least one or more copolymerizable monoethylenically unsaturated monomers, wherein at least one of the monoethylenically unsaturated monomers contains latent crosslinking functionality; and (b) a second polymer comprising a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer containing latent crosslinking functionality. The second polymer may be an associative thickener or an associative dispersant.

The binder polymer, thickener and dispersant polymer may contain a macromonomer represented by the formula:



wherein  $R^1$  is a monovalent residue of a substituted or unsubstituted hydrophobe compound; each  $R^2$  is the same or different and is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;  $R^3$  is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$  are the same or different and are hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon residue; and  $z$  is a value of 0 to 150.

The binder polymer, thickener polymer and dispersant polymer may contain diacetone acrylamide as the monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

The aqueous coating compositions of the present invention produce coatings having improved chemical resistance, as well as improved corrosion resistance.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

### Binder

The latex polymers used as binders in accordance with the present invention (also

referred to herein as "binders") include those polymers polymerized from one or more suitable monomers. Typically, the binders are polymerized from one or more copolymerizable monoethylenically unsaturated monomers such as, for example, vinyl monomers and acrylic monomers.

5           The vinyl monomers suitable for use in accordance with the present invention include any compounds having vinyl functionality, i.e., ethylenic unsaturation, exclusive of compounds having acrylic functionality, e.g., acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, esters of such acids, acrylonitrile and acrylamides. Preferably, the vinyl monomers are selected from the group consisting of vinyl esters, vinyl aromatic hydrocarbons, vinyl aliphatic hydrocarbons, vinyl alkyl ethers and mixtures thereof.

10           Suitable vinyl monomers include vinyl esters, such as, for example, vinyl propionate, vinyl laurate, vinyl pivalate, vinyl nonanoate, vinyl decanoate, vinyl neodecanoate, vinyl butyrates, vinyl benzoates, vinyl isopropyl acetates and similar vinyl esters; vinyl aromatic hydrocarbons, such as, for example, styrene, methyl styrenes and similar lower alkyl styrenes, chlorostyrene, vinyl toluene, vinyl naphthalene and divinyl benzene; vinyl aliphatic hydrocarbon monomers, such as, for example, vinyl chloride and vinylidene chloride as well as alpha olefins such as, for example, ethylene, propylene, isobutylene, as well as conjugated dienes such as 1,3 butadiene, methyl-2-butadiene, 1,3-piperylene, 2,3-dimethyl butadiene, isoprene, cyclohexene, cyclopentadiene, and dicyclopentadiene; and vinyl alkyl ethers, such as, for example, methyl  
15           vinyl ether, isopropyl vinyl ether, n-butyl vinyl ether, and isobutyl vinyl ether.  
20

          The acrylic monomers suitable for use in accordance with the present invention comprise any compounds having acrylic functionality. Preferred acrylic monomers are selected from the

group consisting of alkyl acrylates, alkyl methacrylates, acrylate acids and methacrylate acids as well as aromatic derivatives of acrylic and methacrylic acid, acrylamides and acrylonitrile.

Typically, the alkyl acrylate and methacrylic monomers (also referred to herein as "alkyl esters of acrylic or methacrylic acid") will have an alkyl ester portion containing from 1 to about 12, preferably about 1 to 5, carbon atoms per molecule.

Suitable acrylic monomers include, for example, methyl acrylate and methacrylate, ethyl acrylate and methacrylate, butyl acrylate and methacrylate, propyl acrylate and methacrylate, 2-ethyl hexyl acrylate and methacrylate, cyclohexyl acrylate and methacrylate, decyl acrylate and methacrylate, isodecyl acrylate and methacrylate, benzyl acrylate and methacrylate, isobornyl acrylate and methacrylate, neopentyl acrylate and methacrylate, 1-adamatyl methacrylate and various reaction products such as butyl, phenyl, and cresyl glycidyl ethers reacted with acrylic and methacrylic acids, hydroxyl alkyl acrylates and methacrylates such as hydroxyethyl and hydroxypropyl acrylates and methacrylates, amino acrylates, methacrylates as well as acrylic acids such as acrylic and methacrylic acid, ethacrylic acid, alpha-chloroacrylic acid, alpha-cyanoacrylic acid, crotonic acid, beta-acryloxy propionic acid, and beta-styryl acrylic acid.

In addition to the specific monomers described above, those skilled in the art will recognize that other monomers such as, for example, allylic monomers, or monomers which impart wet adhesion, e.g., methacrylamidoethyl ethylene urea, can be used in place of, or in addition to, the specifically described monomers in the preparation of the binders (as well as the dispersants and thickeners hereinafter described). Further details concerning such other monomers suitable for copolymerization in accordance with the present invention are known to those skilled in the art. The amount of such other monomers is dependent on the particular

monomers and their intended function, which amount can be determined by those skilled in the art.

The binder polymer of the present invention has crosslinking functionality. At least one of the monomers used to polymerize the binder is a monoethylenically, unsaturated monomer containing "latent crosslinking" capabilities, which as used herein means a monomer which possesses the ability to further react some time after initial formation of the polymer. Activation can occur through the application of energy, e.g., through heat or radiation. Also, drying can activate the crosslinking polymer through changes in pH, oxygen content or other changes that causes a reaction to occur. The particular method of achieving crosslinking in the binder polymer is not critical to the present invention. A variety of chemistries are known in the art to produce crosslinking in latexes.

Examples of monomers which do not effect crosslinking until during film formation include carbonyl-containing monomers such as acrolein, methacrolein, diacetone acrylamide, diacetone methacrylamide and vinylaceto acetate. These monomers result in postcrosslinking, for example, when the aqueous polymer emulsion simultaneously contains an appropriate added amount of a polyamine compound. Particularly suitable compounds of this type are the dihydrazides and trihydrazides of aliphatic and aromatic dicarboxylic acids of 2 to 20 carbon atoms. Examples of these are oxalic dihydrazide, adipic dihydrazide and sebacic dihydrazide. Another monomer which produces postcrosslinking is, for example, 2-acetoacetoxyethyl methacrylate (alone or in combination with polyamines or polyaldehydes, such as glyoxal).

Other polymer building blocks which are suitable for postcrosslinking are those which contain hydrolyzable organosilicon bonds. Examples are the copolymerizable monomers

methacryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane and vinyltrimethoxysilane. Further suitable polymer building blocks of a corresponding type are described in DE-A4341260. If the disperse polymer particles have carboxyl groups, postcrosslinking can also be effected by adding metal salts having polyvalent cations (for example Mg, Ca, Zn or Zr salts).

5           Epoxy-, hydroxyl- and/or N-alkylol-containing monomers, for example, glycidyl acrylate, N-methylolacrylamide and -methacrylamide and monoesters of dihydric alcohols with  $\alpha,\beta$ -monoethylenically unsaturated carboxylic acids of 3 to 6 carbon atoms, such as hydroxyethyl, hydroxy-n-propyl or hydroxy-n-butyl acrylate and methacrylate are also suitable for postcrosslinking.

10           U.S. Patent No. 4,144,212 describes an air-curing copolymer latex prepared by emulsion copolymerization in the presence of free radical polymerization catalysts such as inorganic or organic peroxide polymerization catalysts, with a blend (in % by weight based on the total weight of all monomers used) of (a) about 1% to about 20% of dicyclopentadienyl acrylate or dicyclopentadienyl methacrylate, (b) about 99% to about 20% of an alkyl acrylate or  
15           methacrylate, including mixtures of such monomers, and preferably a lower alkyl acrylate or methacrylate in which the alkyl groups contain from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, (c) 0% to about 5% of acrylic acid or methacrylic acid, and (d) 0% to about 85% of other monoethylenically unsaturated copolymerizable monomers, e.g., higher alkyl acrylates and methacrylates in which the alkyl groups contain from 5 to about 18 carbon atoms, acrylamide, methacrylamide, acrylonitrile or  
20           methacrylonitrile; also vinyl esters (e.g. vinyl acetate, vinyl propionate or vinyl chloride), styrene and alkyl vinyl ethers.

The binder resin of the present invention contains about 0.5 to 10% by weight, based on

the total weight of the polymer, of at least one monomer having latent crosslinking functionality, and preferably 1 to 6% by weight, based on the total weight of the polymer, of at least one monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

Typically, the particle size of the binders is from about 0.1 to 1.0 microns, preferably from about 0.2 to 0.4 microns and more preferably from about 0.25 to 0.3 microns. The T<sub>g</sub> of the binders of the present invention is typically from about -60 to 100°C preferably from about -30 to 70 °C and more preferably from about -15 to 60°C. As used herein, the term "T<sub>g</sub>" means polymer glass transition temperature. Techniques for measuring the glass transition temperature of polymers are known to those skilled in the art. One such technique is, for example, differential scanning calorimetry. A particularly useful means of estimating the glass transition temperature of a polymer is that given by Fox,

$$1/T_{g(\text{polymer})} = x_1/T_{g_1} + x_2/T_{g_2} + x_3/T_{g_3} + \dots + x_n/T_{g_n} \quad (1)$$

where  $x_i$  is the weight fraction of component  $i$  in the copolymer and  $T_{g_i}$  is the homopolymer glass transition of component  $i$ . The homopolymer glass transition temperatures can be found in any publicly available source such as the Polymer Handbook. For example, the homopolymer glass transition temperatures for typical monomers are: vinyl acetate = -32°C, butyl acrylate = -54°C, and vinyl neodecanoate = -3°C and 2-ethylhexyl acrylate = -65°C.

Typically, the viscosity of the binders of the present invention is from about 20 to 3000 and preferably from about 50 to 1500 centipoise ("cP") measured with a 40 to 60 weight percent solids composition using a Brookfield Viscometer with a number 2 spindle at 60 revolutions per

minute. The molecular weight of the binders of the present invention is typically from about  $10^4$  to  $10^7$ , preferably from about 200,000 to 1,000,000 grams per gram mole. As used herein, the term "molecular weight" means weight average molecular weight. Techniques for altering molecular weight are well known and include, for example, utilizing multi functional monomers and chain transfer agents. Techniques for measuring the weight average molecular weight of latex polymers is known to those skilled in the art. One such technique is, for example, gel permeation chromatography.

The binder polymer of the present invention may contain hydrophobic groups. The monoethylenically unsaturated monomers described above can be polymerized with one or more macromonomers which are polymerizable. Such macromonomers comprise a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxyated portion which is polymerizable with the other monomers. U.S. Patent No. 4,703,080, incorporated herein by reference, describes hydrophobic binder resins. Preferred macromonomers are urethane monomers which comprise the reaction product of a monohydric surfactant and a monoethylenically unsaturated isocyanate. These macromonomers are described in detail below with respect to the dispersant.

In one aspect of the present invention, the binder polymer comprises an acid functional latex. Specific acid functional monomers suitable for use in accordance with the present invention include, for example, acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, and maleic acid.

Preparation of latex compositions is well known in the paint and coatings art. Any of the well known free-radical emulsion polymerization techniques used to formulate latex polymers can be used in the present invention. Such procedures include, for example, single feed, core-shell, and inverted core-shell procedures which produce homogeneous or structures particles.



A preferred vinyl acrylate binder resin comprises 40-60% by weight of a fatty acid vinyl ester, 30-50% by weight of methylmethacrylate, 0.5 to 10% by weight of diacetone acrylamide and 0.5-5% by weight methacrylic acid, based on the total weight of the polymer.

A preferred acrylic binder resin comprises 20-35% by weight butyl acrylate, 40-65% by weight methyl methacrylate, 0.5-10% by weight diacetone acrylamide, 0.5-5% by weight methacrylic acid and 5-10% by weight acrylonitrile, based on the total weight of the polymer.

### Dispersants

The dispersants suitable for use in accordance with the present invention comprise the reaction product of an unsaturated carboxylic acid monomer, a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer, a macromonomer comprising a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxyated portion which is polymerizable with the other monomers, and a monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

The unsaturated carboxylic acid monomers suitable for use in accordance with the present invention are typically  $\alpha,\beta$ -monethylenically unsaturated carboxylic acids. Preferred carboxylic acid monomers are selected from the group consisting of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, crotonic acid, itaconic acid, maleic acid, and mixtures thereof. Methacrylic acid is especially preferred. The concentration of the carboxylic acid monomer is typically from about 20 to 70 weight percent, preferably from about 20 to 50 weight percent and more preferably from about 35 to 45 weight percent based on the total weight of the polymer. The amount of the carboxylic acid monomer is preferably sufficient to provide a polymeric structure which will solubilize and provide viscosity enhancement when reacted with an alkali such as for example, sodium hydroxide.

In accordance with the present invention, the monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer preferably comprises a methyl group. More preferably, this monomer is an acrylate. Most preferably, this monomer is ethyl acrylate. Typically, the amount of the monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from carboxylic acid is from about 5 to 70 weight percent, preferably from about 10 to 50 weight percent based on the total weight of the polymer.

The macromonomers suitable for manufacturing the dispersant in accordance with the present invention comprise a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxyated portion which is polymerizable with other monomer(s). As used herein, the term "macromonomer" means a polymerizable monomer which comprises the reaction product of two or more compounds. Such macromonomers include, for example, any alkoxyated, e.g., ethoxyated or propoxyated, monomers having ethylenic unsaturation and which are terminated by a hydrophobic fatty chain. Examples of unsaturated, polymerizable moieties include those selected from the group consisting of vinyl group containing moieties, methacryloyl, maleoyl, itaconoyl, crotonyl, an unsaturated urethane moiety, hemiester maleoyl, hemiester itaconoyl,  $\text{CH}_2=\text{CHCH}_2\text{-O-}$ , methacrylamido and substituted methacrylamido. Examples of hydrophobic moieties include those selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkaryl, i.e., alkylaryl or aralkyl, or aryl, linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, and having at least 6 carbon atoms, preferably from about 6 to 30 carbon atoms per molecule.

Preferred macromonomers are urethane monomers which comprise the reaction product of a monohydric surfactant and a monoethylenically unsaturated isocyanate. Preferably, the urethane monomer is a nonionic, urethane monomer which is the urethane reaction product of a

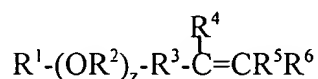
monohydric, nonionic surfactant with a monoethylenically unsaturated monoisocyanate, preferably one lacking ester groups, e.g., alpha, alpha-dimethyl-m-isopropenyl benzyl isocyanate.

The monohydric nonionic surfactants are themselves well known and are usually alkoxyated, e.g., ethoxylated, hydrophobes containing adducted ethylene oxide to provide the hydrophilic portion of the molecule. The hydrophobes are usually aliphatic alcohols or alkyl phenols in which a carbon chain containing at least 6 carbon atoms, preferably about 6 to 30 carbon atoms, provides the hydrophobic portion of the surfactant. These surfactants are illustrated by ethylene oxide adducts of dodecyl alcohol or octyl or nonyl phenol which are available in commerce and which contain about 5 to about 150, preferably 25 to 60 moles of ethylene oxide per mole of hydrophobe. Other hydrophobic substituents, such as complex hydrophobes, disclosed for example in U.S. Patent 5,488,180 issued January 30, 1996, are suitable for use in accordance with the present invention.

The monoethylenically unsaturated isocyanates suitable for use in preparing the urethane monomers can be any isocyanates effective to form the desired urethane linkage. Preferably, the isocyanate is a monoethylenically unsaturated monoisocyanate. Any copolymerizable unsaturation may be employed, such as acrylate and methacrylate unsaturation. One may also use allylic unsaturation, as provided by allyl alcohol. These, preferably in the form of a hydroxy-functional derivative, as is obtained by reacting a C2-C4 monoepoxide, like ethylene oxide, propylene oxide or butylene oxide, with acrylic or methacrylic acid to form an hydroxy ester, are preferably reacted in equimolar proportions with an organic diisocyanate, such as toluene diisocyanate or isophorone diisocyanate. The preferred monoethylenic monoisocyanate is styryl, as in alpha, alpha-dimethyl-m-isopropenyl benzyl isocyanate, and this unsaturated

monoisocyanate lacks the ester group so it forms urethanes which lack this group. The amount of the monoethylenically unsaturated isocyanate relative to the monohydric surfactant used in making the macromonomer, (on a mole ratio basis) is typically from about 0.1-2.0 to 1, preferably about 1.0 to 1.0.

5            Suitable macromonomers useful in this invention can also be represented by the formula:



wherein:

10             $R^1$  is a monovalent residue of a substituted or unsubstituted hydrophobe compound;  
each  $R^2$  is the same or different and is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

$R^3$  is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

$R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$  are the same or different and are hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted  
15            monovalent hydrocarbon residue;

and  $z$  is a value of 0 to 150.

Illustrative  $R^1$  substituents include, for example, simple or complex hydrophobe containing from 1 to 30 carbon atoms such as alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkaryl and cycloalkyl groups.

Illustrative  $R^3$  substituents include, for example, the organic residue of ethers, esters,  
20            urethanes, amides, ureas, anhydrides and the like including mixtures thereof. The  $R^3$  substituent can be generally described as a "linkage" between the hydrophobe bearing surfactant or alcohol and the unsaturated portion of the macromonomer compound.

The oxyalkylene moieties included in the macromonomer compounds may be

homopolymers or block or random copolymers of straight or branched alkylene oxides. Mixtures of alkylene oxides such as ethylene oxide and propylene oxides may also be employed.

Further details concerning the preparation of such macromonomers are known to those skilled in the art and are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,514,552, 4,801,671, 5,292,828, 5,292,843 and 5,294,693, incorporated herein by reference.

Typically, the amount of the macromonomer is from about 0.5 to 60 weight percent, preferably from about 5 to 50 weight percent and more preferably from about 35 to 45 weight percent based on the total weight of the dispersant polymer. Typically, the molecular weight of the macromonomer ranges from about 400 to 8000 grams per gram mole.

Typically the viscosity of the dispersants of the present invention is from about 5 to 1500 cP in the un-neutralized form measured at 20°C with a 20 to 50 weight percent solids composition using a Brookfield Viscometer with a number 2 spindle at 60 revolutions per minute. The molecular weight of the dispersants of the present invention is typically from about  $10^3$  to  $10^6$ , preferably from about 5,000 to 10,000 grams per gram mole. Typically, the particle size of the dispersant is from about 0.05 to 1.0 microns, preferably from about 0.1 to 0.4 microns and more preferably from about 0.1 to 0.3 microns. The Tg of the dispersants of the present invention is typically from about 0 to 90°C preferably from about 5 to 60°C and more preferably from about 15 to 35°C.

The dispersants useful in the present invention contain 0.5 to 50% by weight, preferably 20 to 35% by weight, based on the total weight of the dispersant polymer, of at least one monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

## Thickeners

Any suitable alkali soluble thickeners may be utilized in accordance with the present invention. Such alkali soluble thickeners are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,514,552, 4,722,962, 5,292,828 and 5,292,843, which are incorporated herein by reference. The

5 alkali soluble thickeners typically comprise the aqueous emulsion reaction product of an unsaturated carboxylic acid monomer, e.g., methacrylic acid; a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer, e.g. ethyl acrylate; a macromonomer comprising a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxyated portion which is polymerizable with the other monomers; and a monomer having latent crosslinking functionality. The unsaturated

10 carboxylic acid monomer, monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer, macromonomer and latent crosslinking monomer used to polymerize the thickener can include those such as described above with reference to the binder polymer and dispersant. Often, the macromonomer is a urethane monomer which is the urethane reaction product of a monohydric surfactant and a monoethylenically unsaturated monoisocyanate.

15 Typically, the monohydric surfactant comprises an ethyloxated or propoxylated aliphatic alcohol or alkyl phenol.

In a preferred aspect of the present invention, the thickeners are prepared in accordance using monomers such as those described above with respect to the preferred dispersants. Typically, the amount of the macromonomer is from about 1 to 20 weight percent, preferably

20 from about 5 to 15 weight percent based on the total weight of the polymer.

Typically, the viscosity of the thickeners of the present invention is from about 5 to 1500 cP in the un-neutralized form measured at 20°C with a 20 to 50 weight percent solids

composition using a Brookfield Viscometer with a number 2 spindle at 60 revolutions per minute. The molecular weight of the thickeners of the present invention is typically from about  $10^4$  to  $10^7$ , preferably from about 20,000 to 200,000 grams per gram mole. Typically, the particle size of the thickeners is from about 0.05 to 1.0 microns, preferably from about 0.1 to 0.4 microns and more preferably from about 0.1 to 0.3 microns. The Tg of the thickeners of the present invention is typically from about 0 to 90°C, preferably from about 5 to 60°C, and more preferably from about 15 to 55°C.

The thickeners useful in the present invention contain 0.5 to 35% by weight, preferably 1 to 5% by weight, based on the total weight of the thickener polymer, of at least one monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

The binders, dispersants and thickeners of the present invention are typically in colloidal form, i.e., aqueous dispersions, or in solution and can be prepared by emulsion polymerization in the presence of a chain transfer agent and an initiator. Specific details concerning procedures and conditions for emulsion polymerization are known to those skilled in the art. Typically, however, the polymerization is carried out in an aqueous medium at a temperature of from about 35 to 90°C. The pressure is not critical and is dependent upon the nature of the monomers employed as can be determined by one skilled in the art.

A chain transfer agent is preferably present during the polymerization reaction at a concentration of from about 0.01 to 5 weight percent, preferably from about 0.1 to 2 weight percent based on the total monomer content. Both water-insoluble and water-soluble chain transfer agents can be employed. Illustrative of substantially water-soluble chain transfer agents are alkyl and aryl mercaptans such as butyl mercaptan, mercaptoacetic acid, mercaptoethanol,

3-mercaptol-1,2-propanediol and 2-methyl-2-propanethiol. Illustrative of the substantially water-insoluble chain transfer agents include, for example, t-dodecyl mercaptan, phenyl mercaptan, pentaerythritol tetramercaptopropionate, octyldecyl mercaptan, tetradecyl mercaptan and 2-ethylhexyl-3-mercaptopropionate.

5 In carrying out the emulsion polymerization, an initiator (also referred to in the art as a catalyst) is preferably used at a concentration sufficient to catalyze the polymerization reaction. This will typically vary from about 0.01 to 3 weight percent based on the weight of monomers charged. However, the concentration of initiator is preferably from about 0.05 to 2 weight percent and, most preferably, from about 0.1 to 1 weight percent of the monomers charged. The particular concentration used in any instance will depend upon the specific monomer mixture undergoing reaction and the specific initiator employed, which details are known to those skilled in the art. Illustrative of suitable initiators include hydrogen peroxide, peracetic acid, t-butyl hydroperoxide, di-t-butyl hydroperoxide, dibenzoyl peroxide, benzoyl hydroperoxide, 2,4-dichlorobenzoyl peroxide, 2,5-dimethyl-2,5-bis(hydroperoxy) hexane, perbenzoic acid, 10 t-butyl peroxyphthalate, t-butyl peracetate, dilauroyl peroxide, dicapryloyl peroxide, distearoyl peroxide, dibenzoyl peroxide, diisopropyl peroxydicarbonate, didecyl peroxydicarbonate, dicicosyl peroxydicarbonate, di-t-butyl perbenzoate, 2,2'-azobis-2,4-dimethylvaleronitrile, ammonium persulfate, potassium persulfate, sodium persulfate, sodium perphosphate, azobisisobutyronitrile, as well as any of the other known initiators. Also useful are the redox 15 catalyst systems such as sodium persulfate-sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate, cumene hydroperoxide-sodium metabisulfite, hydrogen peroxide-ascorbic acid, and other known redox systems. Moreover, as known by those skilled in the art, traces of metal ions can be added as 20



activators to improve the rate of polymerization, if desired.

The particular surfactant useful for conducting the polymerization reaction is not critical to the present invention. Typical surfactants include anionic surfactants such as sodium lauryl sulfate, sodium tridecylether sulfate, diester sulfosuccinates and sodium salts of alkyl aryl polyether sulfonates; and nonionic surfactants such as alkyl aryl polyether alcohols and ethylene oxide condensates of propylene oxide, propylene glycol adducts.

The reaction products of the polymerizations comprising the binders, dispersants or thickeners of the present invention typically have a solids, i.e., polymer, content of from about 15 to 65 weight percent, preferably from about 20 to 65 weight percent and more preferably from about 25 to 60 weight percent based on the weight of the latex and water.

### EXAMPLES

The following examples are provided for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the claims which follow.

#### Example M1

##### Preparation of Macromonomer with Small Hydrophobe

To a one-liter glass reactor fitted with a thermometer, heating mantle, thermoregulator, stirrer, nitrogen sparge, and condenser including a Dean-Stark trap was charged 930 grams of a 40 mole ethoxylate of nonyl phenol, i.e., a small hydrophobe. The reactor contents were heated, with nitrogen sparging, to 110°C and held for two hours while trace moisture was removed and collected in the Dean-Stark Trap (typically less than 1g). The reactor contents were then cooled to 80°C, the Dean Stark trap was replaced with a condenser, and the nitrogen sparge was switched to an air sparge for 15 minutes. With continued air sparging, 0.02 g methoxy-

hydroquinone inhibitor, 0.50 g dibutyl tin dilaurate catalyst, and 99.7 g of alpha, alpha-dimethyl-m-isopropenyl benzyl isocyanate (m-TMI, a product of CYTEC, Stamford, CT) were charged in order to the reactor. After a rapid initial exotherm which increased the reaction temperature about 8°C, the contents were maintained at 80°C for an additional two hours. The product was then cooled to room temperature. The final product was a white wax in appearance with residual isocyanate content of 0.5% and with 98% of the original ethylenic unsaturation retained.

### Example M2

#### Preparation of Macromonomer with Large Hydrophobe

A macromonomer was prepared substantially in accordance with Example M1, except that a 20 mole ethoxylate of bis-nonylphenoxy ethanol (large hydrophobe) was used in place of the nonylphenol (small hydrophobe) and the amounts of the reacts used were adjusted to maintain a molar ration of 1:1.

### Example A

#### Acrylic Latex Binder Preparation

A monomer mixture was prepared by charging 460 g of butyl acrylate, 520 g of methyl methacrylate, 9.8 g diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 5.4 g of methacrylic acid, 40 g of Rhodacal DS-4 (a dodecyl benzene sulfonate surfactant available from CYTEC) and 365 g of water to a two liter monomer feed cylinder. A two liter jacketed resin flask equipped with a four-bladed stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, Friedrichs water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer, and monomer addition inlets were used to charge 560 f of water. An initial oxidizer solution, prepared by dissolving 4 g of ammonium persulfate in 20 g of water, was prepared in a separate container. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to

80°C by circulating temperature controlled water through the reactor jacket. After the temperature of the reactor charge had reached 80°C, the initial oxidizer solution was added to the reactor. Two minutes later, the monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period by FMI (Fluid Metering Inc.) pumps using 1/8 inch Teflon tubing with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79° and 81°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80°C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed. To the product was added 15% ammonium hydroxide solution to a pH of 9. To the cooled product was added 36.8 g of a 10% solution of adipic dihydrazide.

### Example B

#### Styrene Acrylic Latex Binder Preparation

A first monomer mixture was prepared by charging 365 grams of butyl acrylate (BA), 470 grams of methyl methacrylate (MMA), 130 grams of styrene, 5.4 grams of methacrylic acid (MAA), 40 grams of diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 40 grams of TRITON GR-9M (a disodium ethoxylated lauryl alcohol half ester of sulfosuccinic acid surfactant available from Union Carbide Corporation, Danbury, CT) and 450 grams of water to a 2-liter monomer feed cylinder. A two liter jacketed resin flask equipped with a four-blade stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, Friedrichs water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer, and monomer addition inlets was used as the reactor. To the reactor was charged 600 grams of water. An initial oxidizer solution, prepared by dissolving 4 grams of ammonium persulfate in 20 grams of water, was prepared in a separate container. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 80°C by circulating temperature controlled water through the reactor jacket. After the temperature of the reactor charge had reached 80°C, the initial oxidizer solution

was added to the reactor. Two minutes later, the monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period by FMI (Fluid Metering Inc.) pumps using 1/8 inch Teflon tubing with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79° and 81 °C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80 °C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed.

A second monomer mixture was prepared by charging 36 grams of methacrylic acid (MAA), 72 grams of methyl methacrylate, 120 grams of styrene, 12.5 grams diacetone acrylamide, 1.2 grams of ethylhexyl-3-mercaptopropionate as a chain transfer agent (CTA), 12.5 grams of the macromonomer of Example M1 and 12.5 grams of the macromonomer alpha, alpha-dimethyl-m-isopropenylbenzylisocyanate adduct with Bis-nonylphenoxy-propylpoly(ethyleneoxy) ethanol (large hydrophobe macromonomer of Example M2), 4 grams of Rhodacal DS-4 and 245 grams of water to a one 2-liter monomer feed cylinder. An additional 4 grams of ammonium persulfate in 20 grams of water, was prepared in a separate container and added to the reactor. The monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79° and 81 °C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80 °C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed.

To the product was added 15% ammonium hydroxide solution to a pH of 9. To the cooled product was added 0.75 molar amounts of adipic dihydrazide.

Table 1 below sets forth a variety of latexes made with the monomers as listed in accordance with the procedure of Example B. Ingredients are listed in grams.

TABLE 1

<u>Example</u>	1st Stage <u>DAAM</u>	2nd Stage <u>M1</u>	2nd Stage <u>M2</u>	2nd Stage <u>DAAM</u>	2nd Stage <u>MAA</u>	<u>CTA</u>
B1	40	0	0	12.5	30	0
B2	15	0	12.5	5	36	1.2
B3	40	12.5	0	12.5	36	0
B4	15	12.5	12.5	5	36	0
B5	15	12.5	12.5	5	30	1.2
B6	15	12.5	0	5	36	1.2
B7	40	0	0	12.5	36	1.2
B8	40	12.5	0	12.5	30	1.2
B9	15	12.5	0	5	30	0
B10	40	12.5	12.5	12.5	30	0
B11	15	0	12.5	5	30	0
B12	15	0	0	5	36	0
B13	15	0	0	5	30	1.2
B14	40	0	12.5	12.5	30	1.2
B15	40	12.5	12.5	12.5	36	1.2
B16	40	0	12.5	12.5	36	0
B17	100	0	0	25	48	1.2
B18	50	0	5	12.5	48	1.2
B19	100	0	5	25	36	1.2
B20	50	0	0	12.5	36	1.2
B21	50	0	5	12.5	36	1.2
B22	100	0	0	25	36	1.2
B23	100	0	5	25	48	1.2
B24	50	0	0	12.5	48	1.2
B25 <sup>1</sup>	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2
B26 <sup>1</sup>	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2
B27 <sup>2</sup>	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2
B28 <sup>2*</sup>	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2
B29 <sup>3*</sup>	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2

<sup>1</sup> Methylmethacrylate substituted for styrene monomer in stage1 and stage 2.

<sup>2</sup> VeoVa10 substituted for BA and styrene in stage 1 and stage2.

<sup>3</sup> MMA substituted for styrene and acrylonitrile substituted for 10% by weight of MMA in stage 1 and stage 2.

\* Surfactant used was Rhodafac RE-610

## Example C

### Latex Binder Preparation

A monomer mixture was prepared by charging 615 grams of VeoVa 10 (a vinyl versatate ester having 10 carbon atoms in the acid portion, commercially available from Shell Chemical), 368 grams of methyl methacrylate (MMA), 9.8 grams diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 11 grams of methacrylic acid (MAA), 40 grams of Rhodafac 610 (a nonylphenol ethoxylated phosphate ester surfactant available from Rhodia) and 365 grams of water to a 2-liter monomer feed cylinder. A two liter jacketed resin flask equipped with a four-bladed stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, Freidrichs water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer, and monomer addition inlets was used as the reactor. To the reactor was charged 560 grams of water. An initial oxidizer solution, prepared by dissolving 4 grams of ammonium persulfate in 20 grams of water, was prepared in a separate container. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 80°C by circulating temperature controlled water through the reactor jacket. After the temperature of the reactor charge had reached 80°C, the initial oxidizer solution was added to the reactor. Two minutes later, the monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period by FMI pumps using 1/8" Teflon tubing with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79° and 81 °C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80°C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed. To the product was added 15% ammonium hydroxide solution to a pH of 9. To the cooled product was added 0.75 molar amounts of adipic dihydrazide.

Table 2 below sets forth other latexes made with monomers as listed in accordance with the procedure of Example C. Ingredients are listed in grams.

TABLE 2

<u>Example</u>	<u>Veova10</u>	<u>MMA</u>	<u>MAA</u>	<u>Surfactant</u>
C1	615	368	11	Rhodafac RE-610
C2	487	497	11	Rhodafac RE-610

Example DAcrylic Latex Binder Preparation

A monomer mixture was prepared by charging 530 grams ("g") of butyl acrylate, 600 g of methyl methacrylate, 23 g diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 5.4 g of methacrylic acid (MAA), 40 g of Rhodacal DS-4 (a surfactant available from Rhone-Poulenc) and 450 g of water to a one 2-liter monomer feed cylinder. A two liter jacketed resin flask equipped with a four-bladed stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, Friedrichs water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer, and monomer addition inlets were used to charge 800 g of water. An initial oxidizer solution, prepared by dissolving 4 g of ammonium persulfate in 20 g of water, was prepared in a separate container. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 80°C by circulating temperature controlled water through the reactor jacket. After the temperature of the reactor charge had reached 80°C, the initial oxidizer solution was added to the reactor. Two minutes later, the monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period by FMI (Fluid Metering Inc.) pumps using 1/8" Teflon tubing with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79 and 81°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80°C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed.

A second monomer mixture was prepared by charging 7.35 grams of methacrylic acid (MAA), 21 grams of butyl acrylate, 7.5 grams diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 7.35 grams of the

macromonomer M1, 4 grams of Rhodacal DS-4 and 10 grams of ammonium persulfate in 20 grams of water, was prepared in a separate container and added to the reactor. The monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79 and 81 °C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80°C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed.

To the product was added 15% ammonium hydroxide solution to a pH of 9. To the cooled product was added 0.75 molar amounts of adipic dihydrazide.

Table 3 sets forth a variety of latexes made with the monomers as listed in accordance with the procedure of Example D. Ingredients are listed in grams.

TABLE 3

<u>Example</u>	1st Stage <u>DAAM</u>	2nd Stage <u>M1</u>	2nd Stage <u>DAAM</u>	2nd Stage <u>MAA</u>
D1	23	7.35	7.3	7.5
D2	58	1.8	1.8	15
D3	58	7.35	1.8	15
D4	23	1.8	7.3	7.5
D5	23	7.35	7.3	15
D6	58	1.8	1.8	7.5
D7	23	1.8	7.3	15
D8	58	7.35	1.8	7.5

#### Example E

##### Preparation of Crosslinkable Thickener

A monomer mixture (300 grams) was prepared by charging ethyl acrylate, methacrylic acid, diacetone acrylamide, macromonomer M1, 13 grams of a 75% solution of Aerosol® OT surfactant (American Cyanamid) and 3 grams of distilled deionized water to a bottle, and dispersing the contents with vigorous shaking. The ethyl acrylate, methacrylic acid, diacetone



acrylamide and macromonomer M1 were added in amounts identified in Table 4 below. A catalyst feed mixture comprised of 0.53 grams of sodium persulfate and 52.47 grams of water was prepared in another container. To a 2 liter resin flask that had been immersed in a thermostated water bath and equipped with a 4-bladed stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer and monomer and catalyst addition inlets, 1.20 grams of the sodium salt of vinyl sulfonic acid and 658.5 grams of water were charged. The monomer mixture was charged to a 1-liter graduated monomer feed cylinder, and the catalyst solution was charged to a 125 milliliter graduated catalyst feed cylinder. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 70°C, whereupon 33 milliliters of the monomer mixture and 3 milliliters of the catalyst feed mixture were charged to the reaction vessel. The reaction vessel was subsequently heated to 80°C. After allowing the monomers to react for 20 minutes to form a seed product, the monomer and catalyst feed mixtures were conveyed to the reaction vessel by FMI pumps via 1/8 inch teflon tubing at a rate of 1.94 and 0.27 milliliters/minute, respectively, under continuous stirring at a reaction temperature held between 76° and 82°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed for another hour, after which the product was cooled and filtered with a 200 mesh nylon cloth. The coagulum was collected from the reaction vessel and filter cloth. The product is a low viscosity latex of solids content of about 40% and pH of about 2.5.

Table 4 sets forth a variety of thickeners made with the monomers as listed, in accordance with the procedure of Example E. Ingredients are listed in percentages by weight based on the total weight of the polymer.

TABLE 4

	<u>Example</u>	<u>M1</u>	<u>M2</u>	<u>MAA</u>	<u>EA</u>	<u>DAAM</u>	<u>Surfactant</u>
5	E1	15		40	35	10	Rhodafac RE-610
	E2	5		40	45	10	Rhodafac RE-610
	E3	15		40	40	5	Rhodafac RE-610
	E4	5		40	50	5	Triton GR-9M
	E5		5	40	50	5	Triton GR-9M
	E6		5	40	45	10	Triton GR-9M
10	E7	15		40	35	10	Triton GR-9M
	E8	15		40	40	5	Triton GR-9M

Example F15      Preparation of Crosslinkable Dispersant

A monomer mixture (300 grams) was prepared by charging ethyl acrylate, methacrylic acid, diacetone acrylamide, macromonomer M1, 13 grams of a 75% solution of Aerosol® OT surfactant (American Cyanamid) and 3 grams of distilled deionized water to a bottle, and dispersing the contents with vigorous shaking. The ethyl acrylate, methacrylic acid, diacetone acrylamide and macromonomer M1 were added in amounts identified in Table 5 below. A catalyst feed mixture comprised of 0.53 grams of sodium persulfate and 52.47 grams of water was prepared in another container. To a 2 liter resin flask that had been immersed in a thermostated water bath and equipped with a 4-beaded stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer and monomer and catalyst addition inlets, 1.20 grams of the sodium salt of vinyl sulfonic acid and 658.5 grams of water were charged. The monomer mixture was charged to a 1-liter graduated monomer feed cylinder, and the catalyst solution was charged to a 125 milliliter graduated catalyst feed cylinder. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 70°C, whereupon 33 milliliters of the monomer

mixture and 3 milliliters of the catalyst feed mixture were charged to the reaction vessel. The reaction vessel was subsequently heated to 80°C. After allowing the monomers to react for 20 minutes to form a seed product, the monomer and catalyst feed mixtures were conveyed to the reaction vessel by FMI pumps via 1/8 inch teflon tubing at a rate of 1.94 and 0.27

5 milliliters/minute, respectively, under continuous stirring at a reaction temperature held between 76° and 82°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed for another hour, after which the product was cooled and filtered with a 200 mesh nylon cloth. The coagulum was collected from the reaction vessel and filter cloth. The product is a low viscosity latex of solids content of about 25%. The product was subsequently neutralized to a pH of about 9.0.

10 Table 5 sets forth a variety of dispersants made with the monomers as listed, in accordance with the procedure of Example F. Ingredients are listed in percentages by weight based on the total weight of the polymer.

TABLE 5

<u>Example</u>	<u>M1</u>	<u>M2</u>	<u>MAA</u>	<u>EA</u>	<u>DAAM</u>	<u>Surfactant</u>
F1			17.5	32.5	20	Rhodafac RE-610
F2		30	17.5	47.5	5	Triton GR-9M
F3	30		17.5	17.5	35	Triton GR-9M
F4	30		17.5	32.5	20	Triton GR-9M
F5	37.5		17.5	25	20	Rhodafac RE-610
F6	37.5		17.5	10	35	Triton GR-9M
F7	45		17.5	32.5	5	Triton GR-9M
F8		37.5	17.5	40	5	Triton GR-9M
F9		37.5	17.5	25	20	Triton GR-9M
F10		45	17.5	17.5	20	Triton GR-9M
F11		45	17.7	2.5	35	Triton GR-9M
F12	30		25	35	10	Triton GR-9M
F13	30		25	25	20	Triton GR-9M
F14	30		40	20	10	Triton GR-9M
F15	30		25	40	5	Triton GR-9M
F16	30		17.5	25	5	Triton GR-9M

The binders, thickeners and dispersants described above were used in the formulation of paints as described below. The paint formulations may, in addition to the polymers described herein, contain conventional additives, such as pigments, fillers, wetting agents, coalescents, biocides and anti-foaming agents and the like.

### Example G

#### Preparation of Latex Paint

A pigment grind is prepared by adding the following ingredients in sequence: 54.96 grams of water, 5.92 grams of a 28% aqueous ammonia solution and 2.76 grams of Dispersant F9 to a HSD-type grinding apparatus with low agitation. Slowly added are 200.8 grams of TiPure R-706 titanium dioxide pigment (DuPont) while the agitation is increased. The mixture is ground for approximately 1 hour, or until a fineness of grind of 8 Hegman is obtained. The agitation is reduced and 25.6 grams of ethylene glycol and 1.8 grams of BYK 035 defoamer is added.

A thickener premix is prepared by adding 10.32 grams of water to a mix tank and under agitation, adding 0.25 grams of Thickener E5 and 0.05 grams of 28% aqueous ammonia solution to the tank.

The paint is prepared by adding 568.72 grams of Binder resin C2 to the grind mixture under agitation. After this mixture is agitated for about 30 minutes, the following ingredients are added in order: 21.64 grams of Exxate 1000 (Exxon), 5.44 grams of Arcosolve DPNB (dipropylene glycol n-butyl ether from Arco Chemicals) and 11.64 grams of Exxate 900 (oxononyl acetate from Exxon). The thickener premix is then added under agitation. Flash X-

150 flash rust inhibitor (Halox) in an amount of 2.6 grams is then added, followed by 1.48 grams of Surfynol 104BC defoamer (Air Products) and 1.48 grams of Byk 307 (wetting agent from BYK-Chemie). Dispersant F9 is then added in an amount of 2.76 grams. The paint is mixed until it is homogeneous and then reduced with 54.57 grams of water to the desired application viscosity.

#### Example H

##### Preparation of Paint

A pigment grind is prepared by adding the following ingredients in sequence: 54.96 grams of water, 5.92 grams of a 28% aqueous ammonia solution and 2.55 grams of Dispersant F5 to a HSD-type grinding apparatus with low agitation. Slowly added are 200.8 grams of TiPure R-706 titanium dioxide pigment (DuPont) while the agitation is increased. The mixture is ground for approximately 1 hour, or until a fineness of grind of 8 Hegman is obtained. The agitation is reduced and 25.6 grams of ethylene glycol and 1.8 grams of BYK 035 defoamer is added.

A thickener premix is prepared by adding 10.32 grams of water to a mix tank and under agitation, adding 0.25 grams of Thickener E5 and 0.05 grams of 28% aqueous ammonia solution to the tank.

The paint is prepared by adding 581.48 grams of Binder resin B29 to the grind mixture under agitation. After this mixture is agitated for about 30 minutes, the following ingredients are added in order: 21.64 grams of Texanol (Eastman Chemicals), 5.44 grams of Arcosolve DPNB (dipropylene glycol n-butyl ether from Arco Chemicals) and 12.73 grams of Exxate 900 (oxononyl acetate from Exxon). The thickener premix is then added under agitation. Flash X-

150 flash rust inhibitor in an amount of 2.6 grams is then added, followed by 1.48 grams of Surfynol 104BC defoamer (Air Products) and 1.48 grams of Byk 307 (wetting agent from BYK-Chemie). Dispersant F9 is then added in an amount of 2.76 grams. The paint is mixed until it is homogeneous and then reduced with 45.5 grams of water to the desired application viscosity.

5           Examples 1-88 were prepared substantially in accordance with the procedure of Example G. The following criteria were used to evaluate the quality of the coatings 1-88. For evaluation of the coatings for ambient cure chemical coating applications, each coating was applied to Bonderite 100 substrates. Adhesion was evaluated by applying the coatings to treated aluminum, Lexan, ABS, Noryl and Styron substrates. QUV evaluations were conducted on coatings applied to aluminum substrates. Table 7 shows the results of the evaluations of the coatings for ambient  
10           cure chemical coating applications. These coatings were compared to commercially available polyurethane coatings, Polane® 700T, a one-component waterborne polyurethane and Polane®HS Plus, a two-component solvent borne polyurethane.

          For the evaluation of the coatings for industrial maintenance applications, the coatings  
15           were applied to cold rolled steel substrates. Adhesion was evaluated by applying the coatings to weathered aluminum and weathered galvanized steel substrates. Corrosion, humidity, salt spray and 24 hour water soak were evaluated by applying the coatings on blased steel panels. QUV evaluations were conducted on coatings applied to aluminum substrates. Table 8 shows the results of the evaluations of the coatings for industrial maintenance applications. These coatings  
20           were compared to commercially available coatings, Polyton® 1900, a two-component solvent borne polyurethane coating, Centurion™, a two-component waterborne polyurethane coating, and Sher-cryl™, an acrylic enamel coating.

5

## AMBIENT CURE

Property	Test Method	Measurement
Chemical Resistance	ASTM D3912-80 24 hr. exposure Key Chemicals: 1. Formula 409 2. isopropanol 3. MEK 4. Toluene 5. 10% NaOH 6. 10% sulfuric acid 7. Deep Woods Off Spray 8. Coppertone 30	rating 1. Total Failure 2. severe Failure 3. slight failure 4. minimal failure 5. no effect
Pencil Hardness	ASTM D3363	Use film breakthrough
Salt Spray	ASTM B117	200 hours
MEK Rubs		Until substrate shows
Gloss		60°, 20°
Reverse Impact Test	ASTM D2794	Until film breakage
Impact Resistance	ASTM D2794	Until film breakage
QUV	ASTM D4587-91 Method B	1000 hours
Storage Stability	4 weeks at 120°F	4 weeks, check viscosity and settling
Adhesion	ASTM D3359 Key substrates: 1. Treated Aluminum 2. Lexan 3. ABS 4. Noryl 5. Styron	Tape adhesion
48 hr. Water Immersion		Blister, Rust, Tape adhesion



## OVEN BAKE

Property	Test Method	Measurement
Chemical Resistance	ASTM D3912-80 24 hr. exposure	rating 1. Total Failure 2. severe Failure 3. slight failure 4. minimal failure 5. no effect
QUV	ASTM D4587-91 Method B	1000 hours
Pencil Hardness	ASTM D3363	Use film breakthrough
Gloss		60°, 20°
Corrosion-Weathering	ASTM D5894-96	6 cycles
Salt Spray	ASTM B117	500 hrs.
Reverse Impact Test	ASTM D2794	Until film breakage
Impact Resistance	ASTM D2794	Until film breakage
Storage Stability	for 4 weeks at 140°F	Check Viscosity and Settling
Early Blister Resistance	2,4, and 6 hrs after application	Blister and Rust
Adhesion	ASTM D3359 Key Substrates: 1. Weathered Aluminum 2. Weathered Hotdipped Galvanized	Tape Adhesion

Table 7  
AMBIENT CURE

Chemical Resistance															

Table 7 (Cont.)  
 AMBIENT CURE

Formula	Resin	Dispersant	Dispersant amount	Thickener	Film build	20 gloss	60 gloss	Chemical Resistance							
								Coppertone	Toluene	IPA	MEK	DWO	10% Suif	10% NaOH	F409
044	3	1	2	7	1.72	9.1	38.4	4	2	2	2	2	4	3	4.5
045	3	5	2	8	1.50	26.3	62.0	4	2	2	2	2	3	2	4.5
046	3	8	2	3	1.45	7.2	32.5	4.5	2	3	2	2	5	2	5
047	3	7	2	1	1.74	28.0	62.5	4	2	3	2	2	5	2	4
048	3	11	2	3	1.70	25.6	61.0	4	2	3	3	2	4	2	5
049	3	8	2	6	1.64	26.8	63.6	4.5	2	3	2	2	3	2	5
050	3	3	2	5	1.75	15.5	49.9	4	2	2	2	2	5	2	5
051	3	5	1	4	2.30	29.1	63.6	4	2	5	2	2	5	2	5
052	3	9	1	1	2.18	25.2	59.4	5	2	2.5	2	2	4	2	5
053	3	9	1	2	2.34	22.6	57.9	4	2	3	2	2	5	3	5
054	2	8	1	4	3.53	15.0	48.9	5	3	3	2	2.5	5	3	5
055	3	8	2	4	1.77	8.6	35.8	4	3	3	3	1	5	5	5
067	1	5	2	3	1.64	27.7	65.0	5	5	5	5	2.5	3	2	5
068	1	1	2	6	1.60	36.5	70.8	3	3	4	4	2.5	2	2	4
069	1	8	2	2	1.61	37.8	71.3	4	4	5	3	3.5	3	2	5
070	1	3	2	2	1.68	34.7	69.8	4.5	3.5	5	3.5	3	2	2	5
071	1	3	2	2	1.64	32.2	67.5	4	4	5	3	2	3	2	3
072	1	11	2	5	1.48	36.4	69.8	4.5	5	5	5	2.5	3	2	5
073	1	7	2	6	1.58	32.7	69.3	5	4	5	5	2	3	2	5
074	1	2	2	5	1.76	33.0	67.8	4.5	4	5	3	2	2	3	4
075	1	5	1	2	2.10	30.6	67.1	5	3	5	5	2	3	2	5
076	1	6	1	1	2.03	21.9	59.2	5	3	5	3	2	3	2	4.5
077	1	9	1	5	2.00	30.8	66.5	4.5	3.5	4	3	2	3	2	4.5
078	1	9	1	4	1.62	28.0	65.8	4.5	3	4.5	3	2	3	2	5
079	1	2	1	1	1.89	28.4	62.9	4	3.5	4	4	2	3	1	5
080	1	3	1	8	1.93	32.4	67.7	5	3.5	3	3	2	3	2	5
081	1	7	1	3	1.88	32.4	67.0	4	3.5	4.5	3	2	4	2	5
082	1	10	1	1	1.82	27.8	62.5	4.5	2	5	2	2.5	4	2	5
083	1	9	1	5	1.56	34.6	68.8	4.5	3	4	3	2.5	3	2	3
084	1	3	1	6	2.06	35.4	69.0	5	3	4.5	3	2	3	2	5
085	2	1	2	3	1.70	30.9	64.6	5	2	3	2	2.5	3.5	2	4
086	2	5	2	7	1.38	24.0	60.2	5	2	2	2	2	5	2	2
087	2	5	2	7	1.67	33.8	66.5	4	2	3	2	2	5	2	3
088	2	8	2	4	1.90	17.8	53.6	4	2	3	2	2	4	2	3
700T					2.08	2.5	29.5	2.5	2	3	4.5	1	3.5	2.5	2
HS+					1.96	89.8	90.1	4	5	5	5	4	5	5	5

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Table 7 (Cont.)  
AMBIENT CURE

Formula	Pencil	Hardness	Blister size	Blister density	Humidity 200 hours				Salt Spray-100 Hours				Salt Spray-200 hours			
					Rust	Flash rust-Y or N	Gloss	% change gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe
001	4	8	4	8	no	23.8	-19.05%	2	2	2	6	9	2	2	6	9
002	4	8	3	6	yes	46.2	-21.16%	2	1	5	5	9	2	1	5	9
003	5	8	2	4	yes	42.7	-33.90%	2	2	5	5	9	2	2	5	9
004	4	8	4	10	no	24.4	-1.61%	2	2	7	7	9	2	2	7	9
005	4	8	4	7	no	54.4	-12.12%	2	2	5	5	9	2	2	5	9
006	3	6	4	7	no	42.3	-17.54%	2	2	6	6	9	2	2	6	9
007	4	8	1	5	yes	16	-76.40%	2	2	7	7	9	2	2	7	9
008	6	4	1	6	yes	16.8	-75.26%	2	3	8	5	5	2	3	8	5
009	5	6	1	6	yes	15.4	-76.31%	2	3	7	6	6				
010	5	8	1	6	yes	16.7	-65.21%	2	3	8	9	9	2	3	8	9
011	5	8	1	6	yes	11.7	-67.04%	2	4	9	4	4	2	4	9	4
012	5	6	1	8	yes	15.2	-73.14%	2	3	7	6	6	2	3	7	6
013	4	8	1	7	yes	21.3	-50.47%	2	4	9	6	6	2	4	9	6
014	5	6	1	7	yes	16.1	-75.04%	2	3	8	6	6	2	2	8	6
015	4	6	1	8	yes	17.8	-72.53%	2	3	8	7	7	2	3	8	7
016	5	4	2	7	yes	18.9	-72.49%	4	3	7	6	6	4	3	7	6
017	6	8	1	6	yes	29.4	-49.13%	4	3	8	6	6	4	3	8	6
018	4	8	1	8	yes	27	-59.64%	4	4	9	7	7	4	4	9	7
019	4	8	1	7	yes	17.5	-62.20%	4	3	7	6	6	4	3	7	6
020	5	6	1	8	yes	16	-75.76%	4	3	7	7	7	4	3	7	7
021	4	6	1	8	yes	19.1	-71.66%	4	3	7	6	6	4	3	7	6
022	4	6	1	9	yes	17.3	-73.47%	4	4	9	6	6	4	4	9	6
023	4	4	4	9	yes	23.2	-66.43%	2	3	9	7	7	2	3	9	7
031	4	8	2	5	yes	42.4	-25.22%	2	1	6	9	9	2	1	6	9
032	4	8	2	6	yes	61.5	-9.45%	2	1	6	9	9	2	1	6	9
033	5	8	3	5	yes	38	-15.18%	2	1	7	7	9	2	1	7	9
034	4	6	4	9	yes	49.9	-16.69%	2	1	7	7	9	2	1	7	9
035	4	8	4	5	yes	43.5	-11.04%	2	1	5	5	9	2	1	5	9
036	5	8	3	6	yes	42.6	-15.14%	2	1	6	6	9	2	1	6	9
037	4	8	3	6	yes	38.4	-20.82%	2	1	4	9	9	2	1	4	9
038	4	6	2	7	no	49.6	-26.08%	2	2	6	6	9	2	2	6	9
039	4	8	2	8	no	39.5	-32.71%	2	2	8	8	9	2	2	8	9
040	5	8	3	5	yes	49	-21.35%	2	2	7	7	9	2	2	7	9
041	4	8	3	7	yes	47.3	-19.42%	2	1	7	7	9	2	2	7	9
042	4	8	4	9	yes	51.4	-13.18%	2	1	6	6	9	2	1	6	9
043	4	8	4	8	no	46.2	-14.76%	2	1	6	9	9	2	1	6	9

Table 7 (Cont.)  
AMBIENT CURE

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## AMBIENT CURE

Impact			Adhesion						48 Hr. Water Soak				
Formula	Forward	Reverse	MEK rubs	Treated aluminum	Nonyl	ABS	Lexan	Styron	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion	
001	36	4	132	3	0	0	1	0	10	5	10	4	
002	40	4	50	4	0	0	2	1	6	4	10	3	
003	44	8	100	3	-1	0	1	-1	8	3	10	3	
004	40	4	50	3	0	3	3	2	10	5	10	4	
005	40	8	50	3	-1	0	0	-1	10	5	10	4	
006	40	8	150	3	-1	1	0	0	10	5	10	4	
007	> 168	> 168	150	3	-1	0	0	-1	4	3	3	0	
008	> 168	> 168	750	3	-1	0	0	-1	6	2	3	1	
009	140	> 168	400	4	-1	0	0	-1	6	1	1	0	
010	> 168	> 168	46	4	-1	0	0	-1	6	4	10	4	
011	> 168	> 168	49	4	-1	0	0	-1	10	5	10	5	
012	> 168	> 168	1000	2	0	0	0	0	8	1	4	3	
013	> 168	> 168	40	5	-1	0	0	-1	10	5	10	4	
014	> 168	> 168	46	5	-1	0	0	-1	8	2	9	4	
015	> 168	> 168	45	4	-1	-1	0	0	8	1	8	2	
016	> 168	> 168	50	2	0	0	0	-1	8	1	10	3	
017	> 168	> 168	187	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	3	10	3	
018	> 168	> 168	45	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	2	6	3	
019	> 168	> 168	47	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	2	10	4	
020	> 168	> 168	500	4	-1	0	0	-1	8	1	10	3	
021	> 168	> 168	750	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	1	10	3	
022	> 168	> 168	150	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	2	10	3	
023	> 168	> 168	150	3	-1	2	0	-1	8	1	4	1	
031	36	< 4	200	3	-1	0	3	2	8	1	10	1	
032	36	< 4	50	3	0	0	2	0	6	2	3	0	
033	32	< 4	400	4	0	0	0	3	8	1	3	0	
034	32	< 4	29	3	-1	0	1	1	6	2	10	1	
035	36	< 4	130	4	-1	3	-1	3	8	1	10	0	
036	32	< 4	100	3	-1	0	0	3	6	3	10	1	
037	32	< 4	46	4	-1	0	0	0	6	4	10	1	
038	36	8	300	4	-1	-1	0	0	6	2	10	1	
039	40	4	650	3	0	0	0	0	6	3	10	2	
040	32	< 4	42	3	-1	0	0	2	8	1	10	1	
041	32	< 4	38	4	0	0	2	0	8	1	10	1	
042	56	8	75	4	-1	0	0	0	6	1	10	0	
043	40	4	45	4	-1	0	0	0	10	5	10	2	

## AMBIENT CURE

Impact			Adhesion							48 Hr. Water Soak			
Formula	Forward	Reverse	MEK rubs	Treated aluminum	Noryl	ABS	Lexan	Styron	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion	
044	40	4	150	4	0	0	1	-1	8	4	10	4	
045	40	8	48	4	1	0	0	-1	8	2	10	3	
046	28	<4	50	3	0	0	0	-1	8	1	10	3	
047	40	8	39	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	3	10	3	
048	44	8	146	3	0	0	0	2	8	3	10	3	
049	92	40	100	4	0	0	3	0	8	1	10	0	
050	76	12	300	3	0	0	2	0	8	1	10	2	
051	56	6	48	3	0	0	0	0	6	3	10	3	
052	36	8	42	3	-1	-1	0	-1	6	3	10	3	
053	36	4	200	3	-1	0	0	0	10	5	10	3	
054	44	4	200	3	1	0	2	1	8	2	9	3	
055	36	4	150	3	0	0	3	1	8	2	10	3	
067	56	12	800	3	0	0	0	3	10	5	10	4	
068	64	20	100	3	2	0	0	2	10	5	10	4	
069	84	20	800	3	4	-1	2	3	10	5	10	5	
070	56	12	200	3	2	0	2	2	10	5	10	3	
071	68	16	100	3	5	0	0	4	10	5	10	3	
072	52	8	1000	3	4	0	-1	4	10	5	10	3	
073	60	8	250	3	2	0	0	3	10	5	10	4	
074	64	4	300	3	3	0	0	-1	10	5	10	4	
075	56	8	43	3	0	0	0	-1	10	5	10	4	
076	56	4	50	3	0	0	3	4	10	5	10	4	
077	56	8	700	3	0	0	0	3	10	5	10	3	
078	60	12	100	3	0	0	2	4	10	5	10	3	
079	52	8	100	3	0	0	-1	3	10	5	10	3	
080	56	4	1000	3	3	0	0	3	10	5	10	3	
081	52	8	350	3	0	0	0	2	10	5	10	4	
082	60	8	300	3	4	0	0	4	10	5	10	4	
083	56	4	1000	3	0	0	-1	3	10	5	10	3	
084	60	12	350	3	0	0	0	4	10	5	10	4	
085	36	<4	37	4	0	0	0	0	6	2	3	1	
086	36	<4	250	4	0	0	1	2	6	2	1	1	
087	32	4	246	3	-1	0	0	0	6	1	1	1	
088	32	<4	100	3	0	0	-1	1	4	3	10	0	
700T	> 168	> 168	150	3	-1	5	5	-1	8	4	10	4	
HS+	68	8	1000	3	-1	5	5	5	10	5	10	4	

Table 7: (Cont.)  
AMBIENT CURE

QUV-500 hours												QUV-1000 hrs.											
Gloss (60 degree)						Delta E			Delta b			Gloss (60 degree)			Delta E			Delta b					
Formula	Initial	at 500 hrs	%change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	1000 hour	% change	Delta E	change	Delta b	change								
001	32.60	21.10	-35.28	0.94	3.23	2.29	-0.85	1.55	2.40	17.90	-45.09	2.88	1.94	1.13	1.98								
002	56.50	40.10	-29.03	2.69	5.10	2.41	0.41	2.79	2.38	37.10	-34.34	5.70	3.01	2.95	2.54								
003	65.70	50.70	-22.83	1.81	2.72	0.91	0.79	1.42	0.63	48.20	-26.64	3.02	1.21	1.25	0.46								
004	49.60	29.80	-39.92	1.17	2.66	1.49	-1.00	1.36	2.36	26.50	-46.57	2.66	1.49	0.93	1.93								
005	61.00	47.00	-22.95	2.05	3.44	1.39	-0.36	1.92	2.28	45.60	-25.25	4.04	1.99	1.84	2.20								
006	51.00	35.80	-29.80	1.34	3.16	1.82	-0.46	1.76	2.22	32.80	-35.69	3.62	2.28	1.70	2.16								
007	69.40	33.30	-52.02	1.81	2.49	0.68	0.04	1.43	1.39	21.90	-68.44	4.09	2.28	2.22	2.18								
008	70.30	30.50	-56.61	1.17	1.41	0.24	-0.32	0.83	1.15	21.20	-69.84	2.58	1.41	1.22	1.54								
009	68.30	21.90	-67.94	1.06	1.98	0.92	-0.31	1.06	1.37	15.20	-77.75	2.44	1.38	1.09	1.40								
010	52.00	13.80	-73.46	1.05	3.14	2.09	0.01	1.83	1.82	9.80	-81.15	4.00	2.95	2.07	2.06								
011	40.60	10.40	-74.38	0.26	3.03	2.77	-0.13	1.75	1.88	7.50	-81.53	3.85	3.59	1.97	2.10								
012	59.30	16.50	-72.18	0.73	1.95	1.22	-0.45	0.95	1.40	12.70	-78.58	2.75	2.02	1.17	1.62								
013	46.80	15.00	-67.95	1.31	2.83	1.52	0.05	1.60	1.55	12.30	-73.72	3.40	2.09	1.79	1.74								
014	69.10	19.60	-71.64	1.10	2.45	1.35	-0.32	1.38	1.70	15.90	-76.99	3.01	1.91	1.56	1.88								
015	66.10	18.20	-72.47	1.00	2.01	1.01	-0.29	1.03	1.32	15.50	-76.55	2.29	1.29	1.12	1.41								
016	70.70	19.70	-72.14	1.39	1.88	0.49	-0.44	0.94	1.38	18.10	-74.40	2.36	0.97	1.12	1.56								
017	59.30	14.50	-75.55	0.61	1.80	1.19	-0.46	0.86	1.32	12.30	-79.26	2.40	1.79	0.96	1.42								
018	69.00	19.00	-72.46	0.92	2.01	1.09	-0.28	1.10	1.38	15.90	-76.96	2.58	1.66	1.24	1.50								
019	49.20	12.90	-73.78	0.45	2.25	1.80	-0.30	1.16	1.46	10.40	-78.86	2.54	2.09	1.20	1.50								
020	68.70	21.10	-69.29	1.37	2.09	0.72	-0.29	1.17	1.46	16.40	-76.13	2.72	1.35	1.32	1.61								
021	70.70	22.00	-68.88	1.57	2.34	0.77	-0.10	1.24	1.34	14.90	-78.93	2.87	1.30	1.44	1.54								
022	67.80	21.70	-67.89	1.31	2.79	1.48	0.08	1.83	1.57	16.00	-76.40	3.51	2.20	1.82	1.76								
023	71.80	22.10	-69.22	1.31	1.87	0.56	0.06	0.95	0.89	23.20	-67.69	2.59	1.28	1.22	1.16								
031	57.70	37.50	-35.01	1.65	1.38	0.27	-0.98	0.65	1.63	35.90	-37.78	1.42	0.23	0.60	1.58								
032	68.70	47.10	-31.44	1.61	0.77	0.84	-1.33	0.15	1.48	54.90	-20.09	0.75	0.86	0.02	1.35								
033	47.10	29.00	-38.43	1.38	2.19	0.81	-0.89	1.24	2.13	26.10	-44.59	1.93	0.55	1.06	1.95								
034	60.90	44.40	-27.09	1.88	1.79	0.09	-0.61	0.86	1.47	47.80	-21.51	2.51	0.63	1.24	1.85								
035	52.50	36.00	-31.43	1.42	0.73	0.69	-1.18	0.21	1.39	36.70	-30.10	1.33	0.09	0.41	1.59								
036	53.00	40.00	-24.53	1.29	1.18	0.11	-0.86	0.59	1.45	39.20	-26.04	1.63	0.34	0.82	1.68								
037	51.80	41.70	-19.50	1.78	2.45	0.67	-0.82	1.40	2.22	43.60	-15.83	2.30	0.52	1.08	1.90								
038	66.80	57.30	-14.22	1.40	1.36	0.04	-0.81	0.65	1.46	58.70	-12.13	1.81	0.41	0.90	1.71								
039	60.00	48.30	-19.50	1.86	1.61	0.25	-0.80	0.82	1.62	50.70	-15.50	1.89	0.03	0.92	1.72								
040	63.20	47.60	-24.68	1.49	1.37	0.12	-1.05	0.71	1.76	49.40	-21.84	1.54	0.05	0.76	1.81								
041	60.50	43.40	-28.26	1.63	1.49	0.14	-0.83	0.81	1.64	44.80	-25.95	2.12	0.49	1.19	2.02								
042	60.70	40.50	-33.28	1.29	1.82	0.53	-0.95	0.89	1.84	40.00	-34.10	2.09	0.80	0.90	1.85								
043	55.20	36.20	-34.42	1.36	2.38	1.02	-0.88	1.20	2.08	31.80	-42.39	2.67	1.31	1.34	2.22								



## AMBIENT CURE

4.2

## AMBIENT CURE

Viscosity, settling, and pH Stability (4 weeks at 120F)											
Formula	Initial KU	final KU	% change	Initial ICI	final ICI	% change	initial pH	final pH	% change	settling amount	settling type
001	96	gelled		1.6	gelled		9.58	n/a		n/a	
002	140	gelled		1.18	gelled		9.59	n/a		n/a	
003	94	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	
004	79	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	
005	136	no sampl		0.69	no sampl		9.61	n/a		n/a	
006	108	gelled		1.83	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	
007	81	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	
008	95	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	
009	68	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.42	n/a		n/a	
010	85	98	15.29	0.482	0.39	-20.33	9.09	8.43	-7.26	30	med-hard
011	83	85	2.41	9.42	0.48	-94.87	9.14	n/a		20	med-hard
012	69	gelled		0.66	gelled		9.45	n/a		n/a	
013	74	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	
014	88	no sampl		0.56	no sampl		9.56	n/a		n/a	
015	61	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	
016	68	gelled		1.12	gelled		9.38	n/a		n/a	
017	61	gelled		1.63	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	
018	58	gelled		0.68	gelled		1.697	n/a		n/a	
019	63	no sampl		1.28	no sampl		9.47	n/a		n/a	
020	78	gelled		2.34	gelled		9.64	n/a		n/a	
021	69	gelled		1.19	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	
022	80	gelled		0.78	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	
023	70	gelled		0.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	
031	93	gelled		1.37	gelled		9.57	n/a		n/a	
032	72	gelled		1.5	gelled		9.24	n/a		n/a	
033	86	71	-17.44	0.9	0.45	-49.56	9.01	8.31	-7.77	10	soft
034	90	gelled		1.13	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	
035	83	105	26.51	1.95	1.67	-14.31	9.44	8.9	-5.72	40	med
036	88	no sampl		1.17	no sampl		9.33	n/a		n/a	
037	92	gelled		0.85	gelled		9.23	n/a		n/a	
038	86	gelled		1.38	gelled		9.55	n/a		n/a	
039	101	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.56	n/a		n/a	
040	86	gelled		0.54	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	
041	92	no sampl		1.79	no sampl		9.39	n/a		n/a	
042	85	gelled		0.86	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	
043	81	gelled		0.7	gelled		9.5	n/a		n/a	

AMBIENT CIBRE

### 4.3

Table 8  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Chemical Resistance														
Formula	Resin	Dispersant	Dispersant Amount	Thickener	Film Thickness	20 Gloss	60 Gloss	Toluene	Ethanol	MEK	10% Sulf	10% NaOH	D.I. Water	Pencil hardness
001	3	2	1	3	261	66	312	1	3	1	5	3	4.5	1
002	3	8	1	5	269	236	598	1	3	1	5	2	4	0
003	3	7	1	5	237	288	638	1	3	1.5	5	2	4	1
004	3	2	1	6	275	46	257	1	4	1.5	5	3	5	1
005	3	11	1	7	236	256	616	1	3	1.5	5	2	3	1
006	3	3	1	7	260	172	527	1	3	1.5	4.5	3	4.5	1
007	4	1	2	7	272	347	679	1.5	4.5	1.5	5	2	3	0
008	4	5	2	5	280	359	683	4	4	1.5	4	3	3	0
009	4	3	2	3	234	308	655	3	4	1	3	3	3	0
010	4	10	2	2	228	139	498	3	3	1.5	3	3	3	1
011	4	10	2	2	230	80	379	4	4	1.5	5	4	5	1
012	4	3	2	7	243	201	579	1.5	4.5	1.5	4.5	4	3	0
013	4	8	2	7	258	117	444	1	3	4	4	3	3	0
014	4	11	2	8	249	296	654	4	3	1.5	5	3	3	0
015	4	1	1	2	255	289	637	1.5	4.5	2	5	1.5	3	0
016	4	5	1	3	276	360	675	3	3	2	3	3	3	0
017	4	1	1	8	263	212	572	1.5	4.5	2	5	4.5	3	0
018	4	2	1	4	251	337	668	1.5	3	1.5	4.5	2	3	0
019	4	7	1	1	270	143	480	1.5	4	1	4	3	3	0
020	4	11	1	4	265	335	672	4	3	1.5	4.5	4	3	0
021	4	3	1	6	271	342	690	3	3	1.5	4.5	4	3	0
022	4	11	1	2	260	308	663	3	4	2	5	3	3	0
023	4	3	1	7	251	369	681	3	1.5	3	5	3	3	0
031	2	2	2	1	238	215	561	1.5	4	1.5	5	3	5	0
032	2	3	2	6	193	310	669	1.5	3.5	1.5	5	3	2	0
033	2	4	2	8	209	125	447	1.5	3.5	1.5	5	4	2	0
034	2	1	1	7	249	254	602	1.5	4	1.5	5	3	2	0
035	2	1	1	5	247	154	493	1.5	4	1.5	5	3	2	0
036	2	3	1	4	251	166	512	1.5	3	1	5	2	2	0
037	2	8	1	4	254	151	491	1	2	1	4	2	5	0
038	2	11	1	2	243	330	673	1.5	3	1.5	5	2	2.5	0
039	2	2	1	8	281	217	585	1.5	3	1.5	6	2	2	0
040	2	7	1	8	232	274	625	1.5	3	1	5	2	2	0
041	2	7	1	6	249	238	594	1.5	3	1.5	5	2	2	0
042	3	1	2	4	301	257	610	1	3	1.5	5	2	5	0
043	3	1	2	1	234	189	544	1	3	1	5	2	2	1
044	3	1	2	7	234	97	399	1	3	1.5	5	2	5	1
045	3	5	2	8	236	266	624	1	3	1	4	2	4.5	1
046	3	8	2	3	209	69	315	1.5	3	1.5	5	3	5	1
047	3	7	2	1	194	250	614	1.5	3	1.5	5	2	2.5	1

Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Formula	Resin	Dispensant	Dispensant Amount	Thickener	Elim. Thickness	20 Gloss	60 Gloss	Chemical Resistance						Pencil hardness
								Toluene	Ethanol	MEK	10% Sulf	10% NaOH	DI Water	
048	3	11	2	3	2.15	23.6	59.8	1	3	1.5	5	2	3	1
049	3	8	2	6	2.02	24.9	63.6	1.5	4	1.5	5	4	4	2
050	3	3	2	5	2.20	15.4	50.3	1	3	1.5	5	2	4.5	1
051	3	5	1	4	2.56	26.3	63.0	1	3.5	1	5	2	3	0
052	3	9	1	1	2.54	22.6	57.7	4	1	1	5	2	2	1
053	3	9	1	2	2.47	21.7	57.3	1	3	1	5	2	2	1
054	2	8	1	4	2.47	14.9	49.1	1	3	1	4.5	2.5	2	1
055	3	8	2	4	2.79	8.9	37.3	1	3	1	4.5	3	4.5	1
067	1	5	2	3	2.40	29.1	65.5	1.5	4	1.5	3	2	3	0
068	1	1	2	6	2.28	37.0	70.9	1.5	4	1.5	4	3	3	0
069	1	8	2	2	2.38	38.6	71.5	1.5	3	1.5	3	2	3	0
070	1	3	2	2	2.38	36.1	69.4	1.5	3	1.5	4	2	4	0
071	1	3	2	2	2.24	32.0	67.3	1.5	5	1.5	3	2	2	0
072	1	11	2	5	2.09	35.9	69.2	1.5	2	1.5	4	3	3	0
073	1	7	2	6	2.19	32.2	67.4	1.5	3.5	1.5	3	2	4	0
074	1	2	2	5	2.57	33.7	68.2	1.5	5	1.5	4	2	3	0
075	1	5	1	2	2.44	32.2	67.7	1.5	5	1.5	4.5	3	4	0
076	1	6	1	1	2.49	24.3	59.7	1.5	4	1.5	4	2	4	0
077	1	9	1	5	2.40	31.9	67.4	1.5	4	1.5	4	2	4.5	0
078	1	9	1	4	2.25	30.4	66.7	1.5	4	1.5	4.5	2	4	0
079	1	2	1	1	2.87	28.2	63.9	1.5	4	1.5	4	2	3	0
080	1	3	1	8	2.55	33.8	67.5	2	3	1	4	2	2	0
081	1	7	1	3	2.94	34.5	68.6	1.5	4	2	3	4	4	0
082	1	10	1	1	2.95	28.8	61.7	1.5	5	1.5	4	4	5	0
083	1	9	1	5	2.88	36.2	69.4	1.5	4	1.5	3	2	2	0
084	1	3	1	6	3.24	38.0	69.7	1.5	2	1	3	2	2	0
085	2	1	2	3	1.95	27.0	63.5	1.5	3	1.5	5	2	2	0
086	2	5	2	7	2.34	24.7	60.4	1	3	1	5	2	2	0
087	2	5	2	7	2.52	30.9	65.5	1.5	3.5	1.5	4.5	2	2	0
088	2	8	2	4	2.43	17.5	52.7	1.5	4.5	1.5	5	2	5	0
Polyon 1800			Control #1		3.30	83.3	94.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	4	4.5	4.5	5
Centurion			Control #2		3.66	72.8	88.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	5	5	5	4
Sher-cryl			Control #3		1.97	46.3	78.0	1	3	1.5	5	3	4	0

Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Humidity															Salt Spray (200 hours)					Salt Spray (375 hours)					Forward Impact	Reverse Impact
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Gloss	% Change gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Impact	Impact											
001	4	2	9	19.9	-36.22%	2	2	10	8	2	1	9	7	40	< 4											
002	6	3	10	40.2	-32.78%	2	2	9	8	2	1	8	7	44	4											
003	8	2	9	46.3	-27.43%	2	2	6	8	2	1	7	7	36	4											
004	4	2	7	15.4	-40.08%	2	2	9	8	2	1	8	7	40	< 4											
005	8	3	8	47.9	-22.24%	2	2	8	8	2	1	8	7	44	8											
006	8	3	9	41.8	-21.06%	2	3	8	8	2	2	8	8	40	4											
007	6	2	1	28.5	-60.97%	6	3	8	8	2	3	7	8	> 168	> 168											
008	6	2	9	20.5	-69.99%	6	4	10	8	4	3	9	8	> 168	> 168											
009	6	2	6	26.0	-60.31%	6	4	10	8	6	3	9	8	> 168	> 168											
010	8	1	1	19.6	-60.64%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	7	> 168	> 168											
011	4	3	5	16.9	-55.41%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	6	> 168	> 168											
012	6	2	4	25.6	-55.79%	6	4	8	8	2	3	8	7	> 168	> 168											
013	2	2	10	11.7	-73.65%	8	4	9	8	4	3	9	5	> 168	> 168											
014	4	1	1	8.0	-88.24%	8	3	7	7	4	3	8	7	> 168	> 168											
015	4	1	8	18.2	-71.43%	2	4	9	7	4	3	9	7	> 168	> 168											
016	4	2	6	36.3	-46.22%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	6	> 168	> 168											
017	4	1	9	10.0	-82.52%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	6	> 168	> 168											
018	4	1	8	10.5	-84.28%	6	4	8	8	2	3	8	7	> 168	> 168											
019	2	1	8	7.8	-83.76%	6	4	8	8	4	3	9	8	> 168	> 168											
020	4	2	8	16.8	-75.00%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	7	> 168	> 168											
021	4	2	4	23.9	-65.38%	6	4	8	8	4	3	7	7	> 168	> 168											
022	4	1	2	20.7	-68.78%	6	4	9	8	6	2	9	7	> 168	> 168											
023	2	1	8	8.4	-87.67%	6	4	9	8	6	3	9	7	> 168	> 168											
031	4	1	5	31.0	-44.74%	2	2	8	8	2	2	7	7	24	< 4											
032	6	3	9	43.5	-34.98%	2	2	6	9	2	1	6	7	36	4											
033	6	2	5	31.0	-30.65%	2	2	8	9	2	1	5	7	28	< 4											
034	4	2	4	33.5	-44.35%	2	2	8	9	2	1	7	8	28	< 4											
035	4	2	5	24.0	-51.32%	2	2	6	9	2	1	4	8	24	< 4											
036	4	2	7	30.3	-40.82%	2	2	7	9	2	2	8	9	28	< 4											
037	4	3	8	23.8	-51.53%	2	2	8	8	2	2	7	7	24	< 4											
038	4	3	9	38.4	-45.91%	2	1	7	8	2	1	6	7	28	4											
039	4	2	7	28.3	-51.62%	2	2	10	8	2	1	7	7	40	4											
040	4	2	8	25.2	-59.68%	2	2	7	8	2	1	5	7	28	< 4											
041	6	2	7	33.0	-44.44%	2	2	8	8	2	1	7	7	24	< 4											
042	4	2	8	37.0	-39.34%	2	2	8	8	2	1	7	7	96	16											
043	6	2	9	32.1	-40.99%	2	2	9	8	2	1	8	6	40	4											
044	6	2	10	28.0	-29.82%	2	2	8	8	2	1	8	6	36	< 4											
045	8	2	6	40.1	-35.74%	2	2	9	8	2	1	8	7	40	8											
046	8	2	9	22.5	-28.57%	2	2	9	8	2	1	7	7	36	4											
047	8	2	8	43.3	-29.48%	2	2	8	8	2	1	7	7	36	4											

Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Humidity			Salt Spray (200 hours)					Salt Spray (375 hours)					Forward Impact	Reverse Impact
			Rust	Gloss	% Change gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe				
048	8	3	9	42.2	-28.43%	2	2	7	8	2	1	5	7			40	4
049	8	2	9	33.2	-47.80%	2	2	5	8	2	1	5	7			60	16
050	8	3	10	32.6	-35.19%	2	2	6	8	2	1	8	7			48	<4
051	8	3	9	48.2	-23.49%	2	2	9	8	2	2	8	6			48	4
052	8	3	9	48.5	-18.41%	2	2	7	8	2	1	7	6			32	4
053	8	3	10	46.3	-19.20%	2	2	5	8	2	2	8	8			36	4
054	8	3	10	35.3	-28.11%	2	3	7	8	2	3	9	7			32	<4
055	4	3	9	28.5	-23.69%	2	2	7	8	2	1	7	7			28	<4
087	6	2	9	21.2	-67.63%	2	3	9	8	4	2	8	7			44	8
068	6	2	10	28.8	-69.38%	2	3	10	8	2	3	8	8			44	4
069	4	2	9	18.7	-73.85%	2	3	9	8	2	2	8	8			56	8
070	8	1	9	32.8	-53.03%	2	3	9	8	4	2	8	8			52	12
071	8	2	9	27.8	-58.69%	2	2	10	8	2	2	9	8			40	12
072	6	2	9	28.8	-61.27%	2	3	9	7	2	2	8	8			48	4
073	6	1	9	20.6	-69.44%	2	1	10	8	2	2	9	8			64	12
074	4	2	9	29.7	-56.45%	2	2	9	8	2	2	8	8			44	4
075	4	2	10	19.6	-71.05%	2	2	9	8	2	2	8	8			64	16
076	6	2	10	30.9	-48.24%	10	5	10	7	2	4	9	8			44	4
077	4	2	10	13.8	-79.82%	2	4	10	8	2	2	9	8			52	8
078	4	2	9	22.7	-65.97%	2	3	10	8	4	3	9	7			56	8
079	4	2	9	22.8	-64.32%	2	3	9	8	2	2	8	7			36	8
080	4	2	9	19.9	-70.62%	2	3	9	8	2	3	8	8			56	16
081	4	2	10	22.4	-68.37%	2	3	9	8	2	3	8	7			44	4
082	4	2	9	26.4	-57.21%	2	3	9	8	2	1	9	8			60	8
083	4	2	10	22.1	-68.16%	2	2	8	8	2	2	9	9			52	8
084	4	2	10	16.5	-76.33%	2	2	9	8	2	2	9	8			64	24
085	4	2	9	17.9	-71.81%	2	1	8	9	2	2	8	9			28	<4
086	4	2	9	23.0	-61.92%	2	2	8	9	2	2	7	9			32	4
087	6	2	9	22.8	-50.50%	2	2	6	8	2	1	6	7			28	<4
088	6	2	9	26.3	-50.09%	2	2	6	8	2	1	6	7			40	<4
Polyon 1900	2	3	10	90.5	-4.13%	2	5	10	9	10	5	10	3			36	<4
Centurion	4	2	10	31.2	-64.86%	10	5	9	8	10	5	9	8			>168	>168
Sher-cryl	8	2	9	30.2	-61.28%	10	5	9	8	10	5	7	7			>168	>168



Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Corrosion Weathering (4 cycles)										Adhesion		24 Hr. Water Soak			
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scratches	Weathered aluminum	Weathered HD galvanized	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion	Mandel bend				
001	10	5	10	8	4	3	10	5	10	4	PASS				
002	10	5	10	8	4	4	6	3	10	4	PASS				
003	10	5	10	8	4	3	6	4	9	4	PASS				
004	10	5	10	8	5	2	10	5	10	5	PASS				
005	10	5	10	6	3	0	6	4	9	4	PASS				
006	10	5	10	9	4	1	10	5	10	4	PASS				
007	10	5	10	8	5	3	10	5	10	5	PASS				
008	10	5	10	7	5	3	10	5	9	0	PASS				
009	10	5	10	8	5	3	10	5	9	4	PASS				
010	6	4	9	8	5	2	8	3	9	5	PASS				
011	10	5	10	9	5	0	6	4	10	4	PASS				
012	10	5	10	8	5	1	8	3	9	5	PASS				
013	10	5	10	9	5	3	10	5	10	2	PASS				
014	10	5	10	8	5	2	8	2	10	5	PASS				
015	10	5	10	8	5	3	8	3	10	5	PASS				
016	10	5	9	9	5	2	8	4	10	1	PASS				
017	10	5	10	9	5	3	6	4	10	5	PASS				
018	10	5	10	9	5	3	8	4	9	5	PASS				
019	10	5	10	8	5	3	8	3	10	2	PASS				
020	10	5	10	7	5	3	10	5	9	3	PASS				
021	10	5	10	7	4	4	8	3	8	0	PASS				
022	10	5	10	7	5	3	10	5	10	0	PASS				
023	10	5	9	8	5	2	10	5	10	1	PASS				
031	10	5	10	7	5	4	6	1	10	3	PASS				
032	10	5	10	7	5	4	6	2	9	4	PASS				
033	10	5	10	9	5	3	6	2	8	3	PASS				
034	10	5	10	9	5	3	4	2	10	4	PASS				
035	10	5	10	9	5	4	6	1	10	3	PASS				
036	10	5	10	6	5	2	6	3	10	4	PASS				
037	10	5	10	9	3	1	8	3	10	3	PASS				
038	10	5	10	8	5	1	6	2	10	3	PASS				
039	10	5	10	8	4	0	4	1	10	4	PASS				
040	10	5	10	8	5	0	6	3	9	3	PASS				
041	10	5	10	5	4	0	6	2	9	3	PASS				
042	10	5	10	8	4	0	4	3	9	4	PASS				
043	10	5	10	8	4	0	6	2	9	4	PASS				
044	10	5	10	8	4	0	8	3	10	4	PASS				
045	10	5	10	8	0	0	4	3	9	3	PASS				
046	10	5	10	7	4	0	6	4	9	4	PASS				
047	10	5	9	7	3	0	6	4	9	4	PASS				



Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Corrosion Weathering (4 cycles)												Adhesion		24 Hr. Water Soak				
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scrubs	Weathered aluminum	Weathered HD galvanized	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion	Mandrel bend							
046	10	5	10	6	4	1	10	5	9	4	PASS							
046	10	5	10	8	4	1	6	4	9	3	PASS							
050	10	5	10	7	2	0	4	4	10	3	PASS							
051	10	5	10	9	4	0	6	3	9	4	PASS							
052	10	5	10	9	1	0	10	5	10	4	PASS							
053	10	5	10	9	4	0	8	4	10	5	PASS							
054	10	5	10	7	1	3	4	4	10	4	PASS							
055	10	5	10	7	4	4	10	5	9	4	PASS							
057	10	5	10	8	4	1	6	3	9	3	PASS							
068	10	5	9	8	4	1	6	2	10	5	PASS							
069	10	5	10	9	4	2	6	2	10	3	PASS							
070	10	5	10	8	4	2	6	3	10	3	PASS							
071	10	5	10	7	4	2	8	3	10	3	PASS							
072	10	5	10	8	4	1	6	2	10	0	PASS							
073	10	5	10	8	4	2	8	3	9	2	PASS							
074	10	5	10	8	4	1	6	1	9	0	PASS							
075	10	5	10	8	4	2	6	3	9	0	PASS							
076	10	5	10	8	4	0	6	3	10	4	PASS							
077	10	5	10	8	3	0	6	2	10	2	PASS							
078	10	5	10	7	4	1	4	3	10	4	PASS							
079	10	5	10	6	4	3	4	2	9	3	PASS							
080	10	5	10	8	4	2	4	2	9	0	PASS							
081	10	5	10	8	4	3	6	2	9	0	PASS							
082	10	5	10	8	4	3	6	3	10	0	PASS							
083	10	5	10	8	4	2	6	2	9	0	PASS							
084	10	5	10	8	4	3	6	3	10	3	PASS							
085	10	5	10	7	4	4	4	1	10	3	PASS							
086	10	5	10	9	4	3	4	2	10	3	PASS							
087	10	5	10	9	5	3	4	1	10	2	PASS							
088	10	5	10	8	5	3	4	2	10	3	PASS							
Polyton 1800	10	5	10	5	-1	2	10	5	10	0	FAIL							
Centurion	10	5	10	7	5	0	10	5	10	2	PASS							
Sher-cryl	8	4	9	6	4	2	10	5	9	0	FAIL							

Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

QUV-500 hours										QUV-1000 hrs.									
Gloss (60 degree)				Delta E			Delta b			Gloss (60 degree)				Delta E			Delta b		
Formula	Initial	at 500 hrs	%change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	1000 hour	% change	Delta E	change	Delta b	change				
001	32.60	21.10	-35.28	0.94	3.23	2.29	-0.85	1.55	2.40	17.90	-45.09	2.88	1.94	1.13	1.98				
002	56.50	40.10	-28.03	2.69	5.10	2.41	0.41	2.79	2.38	37.10	-34.34	5.70	3.01	2.95	2.54				
003	65.70	50.70	-22.83	1.81	2.72	0.91	0.79	1.42	0.63	48.20	-26.64	3.02	1.21	1.25	0.46				
004	49.60	28.80	-39.92	1.17	2.66	1.49	-1.00	1.36	2.39	26.50	-46.57	2.66	1.49	0.93	1.93				
005	61.00	47.00	-22.85	2.05	3.44	1.39	-0.38	1.92	2.28	45.60	-25.25	4.04	1.99	1.84	2.20				
006	51.00	35.80	-29.80	1.34	3.16	1.82	-0.46	1.76	2.22	32.80	-35.69	3.62	2.28	1.70	2.16				
007	69.40	33.30	-52.02	1.81	2.49	0.68	0.04	1.43	1.39	21.90	-68.44	4.09	2.28	2.22	2.18				
008	70.30	30.60	-56.61	1.17	1.41	0.24	-0.32	0.83	1.15	21.20	-69.84	2.58	1.41	1.22	1.54				
009	68.30	21.80	-67.94	1.06	1.98	0.92	-0.31	1.06	1.37	15.20	-77.75	2.44	1.38	1.09	1.40				
010	52.00	13.80	-73.46	1.05	3.14	2.09	0.01	1.83	1.82	9.80	-81.15	4.00	2.95	2.07	2.06				
011	40.60	10.40	-74.38	0.28	3.03	2.77	-0.13	1.75	1.86	7.50	-81.63	3.85	3.59	1.97	2.10				
012	69.30	16.60	-72.18	0.73	1.95	1.22	-0.45	0.95	1.40	12.70	-78.58	2.75	2.02	1.17	1.62				
013	46.80	15.00	-67.95	1.31	2.83	1.52	0.05	1.60	1.55	12.30	-73.72	3.40	2.09	1.79	1.74				
014	69.10	19.60	-71.64	1.10	2.45	1.35	-0.32	1.38	1.70	15.90	-76.99	3.01	1.91	1.56	1.88				
015	66.10	18.20	-72.47	1.00	2.01	1.01	-0.28	1.03	1.32	15.50	-76.55	2.29	1.29	1.12	1.41				
016	70.70	19.70	-72.14	1.39	1.88	0.49	-0.44	0.94	1.38	18.10	-74.40	2.36	0.97	1.12	1.56				
017	59.30	14.50	-75.55	0.61	1.80	1.19	-0.46	0.86	1.32	12.30	-79.26	2.40	1.79	0.96	1.42				
018	69.00	19.00	-72.46	0.92	2.01	1.09	-0.26	1.10	1.38	15.90	-76.96	2.58	1.68	1.24	1.50				
019	49.20	12.90	-73.78	0.45	2.25	1.80	-0.30	1.16	1.46	10.40	-78.86	2.54	2.09	1.20	1.50				
020	68.70	21.10	-69.29	1.37	2.09	0.72	-0.29	1.17	1.46	16.40	-76.13	2.72	1.35	1.32	1.61				
021	70.70	22.00	-68.88	1.57	2.34	0.77	-0.10	1.24	1.34	14.90	-78.93	2.87	1.30	1.44	1.54				
022	67.80	21.70	-67.99	1.31	2.79	1.48	0.06	1.63	1.57	16.00	-76.40	3.51	2.20	1.82	1.76				
023	71.80	22.10	-69.22	1.31	1.87	0.56	0.06	0.95	0.89	23.20	-67.69	2.59	1.28	1.22	1.16				
031	57.70	37.60	-35.01	1.65	1.38	0.27	-0.88	0.65	1.63	35.90	-37.78	1.42	0.23	0.60	1.58				
032	68.70	47.10	-31.44	1.81	0.77	0.84	-1.33	0.15	1.48	54.80	-20.09	0.75	0.86	0.02	1.35				
033	47.10	29.00	-38.43	1.38	2.19	0.81	-0.89	1.24	2.13	26.10	-44.59	1.93	0.55	1.06	1.95				
034	60.80	44.40	-27.09	1.88	1.79	0.09	-0.61	0.86	1.47	47.80	-21.51	2.51	0.63	1.24	1.85				
035	62.60	38.00	-31.43	1.42	0.73	0.69	-1.18	0.21	1.39	36.70	-30.10	1.33	0.09	0.41	1.59				
036	53.00	40.00	-24.53	1.29	1.18	0.11	-0.86	0.59	1.45	39.20	-26.04	1.63	0.34	0.82	1.68				
037	51.80	41.70	-19.50	1.78	2.45	0.67	-0.82	1.40	2.22	43.60	-15.83	2.30	0.52	1.08	1.90				
038	66.80	57.30	-14.22	1.40	1.36	0.04	-0.81	0.65	1.46	58.70	-12.13	1.81	0.41	0.90	1.71				
039	60.00	48.30	-19.50	1.86	1.61	0.25	-0.80	0.82	1.82	50.70	-15.50	1.89	0.03	0.92	1.72				
040	63.20	47.60	-24.68	1.49	1.37	0.12	-1.05	0.71	1.76	49.40	-21.84	1.54	0.05	0.76	1.81				
041	60.50	43.40	-28.26	1.63	1.49	0.14	-0.83	0.81	1.64	44.80	-25.95	2.12	0.49	1.19	2.02				
042	60.70	40.50	-33.28	1.29	1.82	0.53	-0.95	0.89	1.84	40.00	-34.10	2.09	0.80	0.90	1.85				
043	55.20	36.20	-34.42	1.36	2.38	1.02	-0.88	1.20	2.08	31.80	-42.39	2.67	1.31	1.34	2.22				
044	41.70	23.80	-42.93	1.17	2.51	1.34	-1.00	1.21	2.21	20.10	-51.80	3.09	1.92	1.33	2.33				
045	63.20	46.90	-25.79	1.48	1.87	0.39	-1.15	0.80	1.95	43.40	-31.33	1.79	0.31	0.74	1.89				
046	38.40	25.60	-33.33	1.14	2.33	1.19	-1.03	1.04	2.07	25.20	-34.38	2.27	1.13	0.89	1.92				
047	63.00	48.80	-22.54	1.52	1.85	0.33	-1.15	0.81	1.96	49.30	-21.75	1.47	0.05	0.49	1.64				

Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

QUV-600 hours										QUV-1000 hrs.									
Gloss (60 degree)					Delta E					Gloss (60 degree)					Delta E				
Formula	Initial	at 500 hrs	%change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	1000 hour	% change	Delta E	change	Delta b	change				
048	61.10	42.50	-30.44	1.13	2.28	1.15	-1.04	1.02	2.08	40.80	-33.22	2.13	1.00	0.77	1.81				
049	64.60	45.00	-30.34	1.43	2.24	0.81	-1.25	0.72	1.97	42.00	-34.98	1.81	0.38	0.41	1.66				
050	61.80	30.10	-41.89	1.37	2.28	0.91	-1.14	0.80	1.94	28.70	-44.59	2.18	0.81	0.67	1.81				
051	61.70	44.90	-27.23	1.41	2.00	0.59	-1.09	0.85	1.94	45.00	-27.07	2.64	0.28	0.54	1.63				
052	68.00	42.40	-28.90	1.44	2.83	1.39	-0.72	1.35	2.07	43.50	-25.00	2.64	1.20	1.16	1.88				
053	58.00	40.40	-30.34	1.20	2.79	1.59	-0.87	1.35	2.22	39.40	-32.07	2.69	1.49	1.17	2.04				
054	48.10	30.60	-36.38	1.28	2.50	1.22	-1.11	1.05	2.16	29.10	-39.50	2.18	0.90	0.76	1.87				
055	37.60	27.00	-28.00	0.98	3.18	2.20	-0.75	1.68	2.33	25.70	-31.47	3.08	2.10	1.49	2.24				
067	67.80	39.00	-42.48	1.21	0.98	0.23	-1.08	0.45	1.53	26.40	-61.06	1.92	0.71	0.73	1.81				
068	72.60	42.90	-40.91	1.38	1.78	0.40	-0.66	0.98	1.54	36.10	-50.28	2.75	1.37	1.46	2.02				
069	73.70	43.70	-40.71	1.61	1.33	0.28	-0.92	0.63	1.55	42.70	-42.06	2.00	0.39	1.00	1.92				
070	73.10	40.50	-44.80	1.15	1.23	0.08	-0.81	0.71	1.52	30.10	-58.82	2.28	1.13	1.16	1.97				
071	70.40	34.40	-51.14	1.18	1.22	0.04	-0.89	0.65	1.54	32.40	-53.98	2.03	0.85	1.00	1.89				
072	72.00	39.80	-44.72	1.43	0.86	0.57	-1.04	0.39	1.43	33.50	-53.47	1.62	0.19	0.75	1.79				
073	70.80	33.40	-52.89	1.23	0.85	0.26	-1.10	0.35	1.45	34.30	-51.62	1.71	0.48	0.82	1.72				
074	71.80	35.70	-50.28	1.43	1.16	0.27	-0.83	0.67	1.50	29.40	-59.05	1.98	0.55	0.94	1.77				
075	69.70	35.30	-49.35	1.08	1.00	0.06	-0.86	0.67	1.43	36.80	-47.20	1.61	0.55	0.67	1.53				
076	69.40	37.50	-36.87	1.38	1.56	0.16	-0.82	0.94	1.79	43.50	-26.77	2.26	0.88	1.09	1.91				
077	70.00	34.80	-50.57	1.37	1.78	0.39	-0.77	0.93	1.70	30.80	-56.50	2.18	0.81	1.02	1.79				
078	69.20	33.30	-51.88	1.48	1.70	0.24	-0.82	0.90	1.72	30.10	-56.50	2.03	0.57	1.19	2.01				
079	68.50	33.60	-49.47	1.61	1.48	0.13	-0.66	0.99	1.67	31.60	-52.48	2.07	0.46	1.07	1.75				
080	69.70	33.20	-52.37	1.42	1.64	0.22	-0.82	0.76	1.58	32.00	-54.09	1.66	0.24	0.80	1.62				
081	69.70	33.80	-51.51	1.46	1.46	0.02	-0.80	0.78	1.66	32.10	-53.95	1.87	0.49	1.02	1.92				
082	64.90	30.20	-53.47	1.43	1.81	0.36	-0.96	0.92	1.87	29.10	-55.16	2.34	0.91	1.27	2.22				
083	72.10	32.40	-55.08	1.33	1.67	0.34	-0.77	0.90	1.67	26.20	-63.68	1.86	0.53	0.92	1.69				
084	72.40	33.10	-54.28	1.67	2.02	0.45	-0.70	1.00	1.70	32.70	-54.83	2.26	0.69	1.20	1.90				
085	64.90	40.30	-37.80	1.61	0.92	0.69	-1.11	0.34	1.45	45.30	-30.20	0.86	0.75	0.32	1.43				
086	62.20	37.30	-40.03	1.55	1.08	0.47	-1.24	0.43	1.67	37.10	-40.35	0.99	0.56	0.28	1.52				
087	66.60	40.40	-39.34	1.51	0.88	0.63	-1.26	0.19	1.45	40.70	-38.89	0.83	0.68	0.21	1.47				
088	64.40	35.50	-34.74	1.54	0.87	0.67	-1.12	0.36	1.48	36.50	-32.90	1.21	0.33	-0.46	0.66				
Polyton 1900	94.50	94.50	0.00	4.40	4.80	0.40	0.14	0.73	0.59	91.60	-3.07	4.96	0.56	0.70	0.56				
Centurion	56.20	17.70	-68.51	10.09	11.42	1.33	0.81	3.58	2.76	12.30	-78.11	11.92	1.83	3.42	2.61				
Sher-cryl	80.60	72.30	-10.30	5.78	6.25	0.49	2.43	1.53	-0.90	51.90	-35.61	6.34	0.58	1.22	-1.21				
700T	31.80	13.30	-58.18	0.14	0.45	0.31	0.11	-0.41	-0.52	11.20	-64.78	0.52	0.38	-0.10	-0.21				
HS+	66.50	69.80	-19.31	3.04	4.02	0.98	3.88	2.53	-1.36	82.90	-4.16	4.11	1.07	2.59	-1.30				

Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Formula	Early Blister Resistance						Corrosion Weathering (5 cycle)						Corrosion Weathering (6 cycles)					
	2 Hour			4 Hour			6 Hour			Blister			Blister			Blister		
	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust
001	4	3	2	2	2	3	4	2	4	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	10	6
002	2	3	1	2	2	3	5	2	2	10	5	10	7	10	5	10	10	8
003	10	5	1	2	3	2	3	3	3	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	10	6
004	6	3	2	4	3	1	6	1	2	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	9	6
005	10	5	1	4	3	2	4	3	2	10	5	8	6	6	3	8	8	6
006	4	3	1	2	3	2	6	3	2	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	7	7
007	10	5	9	10	5	9	6	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
008	10	5	9	10	5	9	6	4	10	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
009	10	5	9	10	5	9	6	4	10	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
010	10	5	8	10	5	8	6	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
011	10	5	8	10	5	8	6	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
012	4	4	3	10	5	8	6	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
013	10	5	9	10	5	9	6	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
014	4	2	4	4	3	10	4	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
015	4	4	6	4	4	8	4	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
016	10	5	8	10	5	8	6	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
017	10	5	8	10	5	8	6	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
018	10	5	9	4	3	9	4	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
019	10	5	9	4	3	9	4	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
020	10	5	6	6	3	8	4	2	7	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
021	10	5	9	6	3	8	4	2	7	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
022	10	5	9	10	5	8	4	1	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
023	10	5	2	10	5	8	4	1	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
031	2	3	2	2	1	3	2	1	5	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
032	2	2	2	4	1	4	4	1	5	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7	7
033	2	3	2	2	2	4	2	2	6	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	7	7
034	2	2	1	2	1	6	2	1	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
035	2	3	1	2	1	4	2	1	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
036	2	2	2	2	1	4	2	1	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
037	2	2	1	2	1	4	2	1	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
038	8	3	3	2	1	5	2	2	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
039	2	1	2	2	1	5	2	2	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
040	2	3	1	4	1	4	2	1	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
041	2	3	3	2	1	4	2	1	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
042	6	3	1	2	3	2	4	1	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
043	4	2	1	2	3	2	4	1	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7	7
044	4	2	1	4	3	1	4	3	3	10	5	8	8	10	5	10	7	7
045	2	3	1	2	2	2	4	3	3	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	7	7
046	6	3	1	6	3	2	4	3	4	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	7	7
047	2	2	1	4	2	2	4	2	3	10	5	7	7	10	5	10	7	7

Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Early Bilster Resistance																	
Formula	2 Hour			4 Hour			6 Hour			Corrosion Weathering (5 cycle)			Corrosion Weathering (6 cycles)				
	Bilster Size	Bilster Density	Bilster Rust	Bilster Size	Bilster Density	Bilster Rust	Bilster Size	Bilster Density	Bilster Rust	Bilster Size	Bilster Density	Bilster Rust	Scribe	Bilster Size	Bilster Density	Bilster Rust	Scribe
046	2	3	1	2	2	2	4	2	3	10	5	6	7	10	5	10	6
049	4	3	1	4	2	3	4	2	4	10	5	9	6	10	5	10	7
050	2	3	1	2	3	2	2	2	3	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7
051	2	3	1	4	2	2	4	2	3	10	5	8	8	10	5	10	8
052	10	5	1	6	3	2	6	3	3	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	8
053	4	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	9
054	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	4	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7
055	2	3	1	2	2	3	2	3	4	10	5	5	6	10	5	10	8
067	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	6
068	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	6
069	2	1	4	2	2	2	2	2	1	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	6
070	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	8
071	2	3	4	2	2	1	2	2	1	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	7
072	2	1	4	2	2	2	4	1	1	10	5	6	7	10	5	10	6
073	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	8
074	2	1	4	2	2	1	2	2	1	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7
075	2	1	6	2	2	1	2	1	1	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	8
076	2	1	10	2	2	10	4	2	10	10	5	8	8	10	5	10	7
077	2	1	3	2	2	10	2	4	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7
078	2	1	4	2	2	8	2	2	10	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	7
079	2	1	5	2	2	9	2	2	10	10	5	7	7	10	5	10	7
080	2	1	7	2	2	10	2	2	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	8
081	2	1	10	2	2	10	4	2	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7
082	2	1	10	2	2	10	2	2	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	8
083	2	1	4	2	2	10	2	2	10	10	5	10	7	10	5	10	8
084	2	4	10	2	2	10	2	2	10	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7
085	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	5	10	5	10	6	10	5	10	6
086	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	1	4	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	9
087	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	4	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7
088	2	3	2	4	2	4	3	3	8	10	5	6	6	10	5	10	7
Polyton 1900	12	4(GL)	10	2	4	10	10	5	10	10	5	6	6	10	5	10	6
Centurion	2	4(GL)	10	10	6(GL)	10	10	5	10	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	7
Sher-cryl	10	6(GL)	10	10	6(GL)	10	10	5	10	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	7
		GL = Gloss Loss															



Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Viscosity, settling, and pH Stability (6 weeks at 140F)											
Formula	Initial KU	final KU	% change	Initial ICI	final ICI	% change	Initial pH	final pH	% change	settling amount	settling type
001	96	gelled		1.6	gelled		9.58	n/a		n/a	n/a
002	140	gelled		1.18	gelled		9.59	n/a		n/a	n/a
003	94	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	n/a
004	79	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a
005	138	gelled		0.69	gelled		9.61	n/a		n/a	n/a
006	108	gelled		1.83	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a
007	91	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a
008	95	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a
009	68	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.42	n/a		n/a	n/a
010	85	gelled		0.492	gelled		9.09	n/a		n/a	n/a
011	83	gelled		9.42	gelled		9.14	n/a		n/a	n/a
012	69	gelled		0.66	gelled		9.45	n/a		n/a	n/a
013	74	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a
014	88	gelled		0.56	gelled		9.56	n/a		n/a	n/a
015	61	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a
016	68	gelled		1.12	gelled		9.38	n/a		n/a	n/a
017	61	gelled		1.63	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a
018	58	gelled		0.68	gelled		1.697	n/a		n/a	n/a
019	63	gelled		1.28	gelled		9.47	n/a		n/a	n/a
020	78	gelled		2.34	gelled		9.64	n/a		n/a	n/a
021	69	gelled		1.19	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	n/a
022	80	gelled		0.78	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a
023	70	gelled		0.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a
031	93	gelled		1.37	gelled		9.57	n/a		n/a	n/a
032	72	gelled		1.5	gelled		9.24	n/a		n/a	n/a
033	88	70	-18.60	0.9	1.40	55.11	9.01	8.21	-8.88	10	soft
034	90	gelled		1.13	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a
035	83	gelled		1.95	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a
036	88	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.33	n/a		n/a	n/a
037	92	gelled		0.85	gelled		9.23	n/a		n/a	n/a
038	86	gelled		1.38	gelled		9.55	n/a		n/a	n/a
039	101	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.56	n/a		n/a	n/a
040	86	gelled		0.54	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	n/a
041	92	gelled		1.79	gelled		9.39	n/a		n/a	n/a
042	85	gelled		0.86	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a
043	81	gelled		0.7	gelled		9.5	n/a		n/a	n/a
044	85	gelled		1.35	gelled		9.49	n/a		n/a	n/a
045	75	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a
046	73	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.22	n/a		n/a	n/a
047	84	gelled		0.7	gelled		9.37	n/a		n/a	n/a

Table 8 (Cont.)  
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

Viscosity, setting, and pH Stability (6 weeks at 140F)												
Formula	Initial KU	final KU	% change	Initial LCI	final LCI	% change	Initial pH	final pH	% change	setting amount	setting type	
048	80	gelled		1.34	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	n/a	
049	88	gelled		1.66	gelled		9.07	n/a		n/a	n/a	
050	68	gelled		0.63	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	n/a	
051	64	gelled		2.88	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	n/a	
052	138	gelled		1.62	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a	
053	78	gelled		1.34	gelled		9.65	n/a		20	medium	
054	58	gelled		1.48	gelled		9.72	n/a		n/a	n/a	
055	87	gelled		1.74	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a	
067	89	110	23.60	0.85	1.29	51.53	9.81	9.05	-7.75	60	medium	
068	87	1637		0.51	1.22	139.41	9.7	8.89	-8.35	50	medium	
069	98	gelled		0.51	gelled		9.71	gelled		90	med-hard	
070	77	gelled		0.73	gelled		9.75	gelled		50	med-hard	
071	85	94	10.59	1.55	0.67	-56.71	9.76	9.04	-7.38	75	medium	
072	96	n/a		0.52	n/a		9.8	n/a		n/a	n/a	
073	90	107	18.89	0.41	1.26	208.05	9.73	9.08	-6.68	50	soft	
074	80	88	10.00	0.85	0.83	8.29	9.81	9.12	-7.87	80	soft	
075	90	gelled		0.8	n/a		9.73	gelled		70	medium	
076	84	70	-18.67	0.84	0.79	-5.71	9.67	8.93	-7.65	20	soft	
077	96	111	15.63	0.69	1.10	59.42	9.9	9.11	-7.98	70	soft	
078	94	109	15.96	0.63	0.88	40.16	9.9	9.14	-7.68	50	soft	
079	77	78	1.30	1.1	0.79	-28.36	9.92	9.37	-5.54	20	medium	
080	85	93	9.41	0.97	0.75	-22.27	9.78	8.97	-8.28	60	medium	
081	84	116	23.40	1.06	0.58	-45.00	9.8	9.16	-6.53	80	soft	
082	83	86	3.61	0.71	0.29	-59.44	9.67	8.8	-9.00	20	soft	
083	91	gelled		1.1	gelled		9.82	gelled		gelled	gelled	
084	83	94	13.25	0.74	0.98	31.76	9.78	n/a		60	medium	
085	87	gelled		0.84	gelled		9.01	gelled		gelled	gelled	
086	72	gelled		1.05	gelled		9.33	gelled		gelled	gelled	
087	83	gelled		0.78	gelled		9.35	gelled		gelled	gelled	
088	80	gelled		0.95	gelled		9.18	gelled		gelled	gelled	
% setting is the relative hit on stirring stick that adheres w/o easily falling away												

Table 9  
OVEN BAKE

Gloss										Chemical Resistance									
Formula	Resin	Dispersant	Dispersant amount	Thickener	Elim Build	20	60	Concentrations		Toluene		IPA		MEK		DWQ	10% Sulf	10% NaOH	E409
								Concentrations	Toluene	IPA	MEK								
001	3	2	1	3	1.74	4.2	23.3	3	3	5	3	3	3	3	3			5	
002	3	8	1	5	1.71	18.5	56.7	4	3	5	4	3	3	3	3			5	
003	3	7	1	5	1.86	35.3	68.3	4	2	3.5	3	3	3	3	3			1	
004	3	2	1	6	1.66	6.5	33.8	5	5	4.5	4	2.5	5	5	5			4	
005	3	11	1	7	1.86	19.3	63.1	4	2	5	3	3	5	5	5			2	
006	3	3	1	7	1.91	13.1	50.1	3	4	6	4	2.6	6	4	4			6	
007	4	1	2	7	1.60	28.1	61.5	4	5	5	2	3	6	3	3			6	
008	4	5	2	5	1.74	25.5	62.4	4.5	5	5	5	3.5	2	5	5			5	
009	4	3	2	3	1.61	23.5	59.4	5	3	5	5	3.5	5	5	5			5	
010	4	10	2	2	1.62	6.8	34.4	3	3	5	4	2	2	4.5	5			5	
011	4	10	2	2	1.48	3.8	23.6	3	3	4	4	2	3	3	3			5	
012	4	3	2	7	1.61	14.4	45.3	3	4	4	3	2	3	3	3			4.5	
013	4	8	2	7	1.85	6.8	34.1	3	5	5	4	2	5	5	5			5	
014	4	11	2	8	1.60	26.0	56.7	3.5	5	5	5	3.5	5	5	5			4	
015	4	1	1	2	1.88	21.8	59.2	3.5	3	3	3	2	3	4.5	4			4	
016	4	5	1	3	1.48	30.5	63.2	4	3.5	5	3	2	3	3	3			4	
017	4	1	1	8	1.72	12.6	47.1	4.5	3	4	3	2	5	5	5			4.5	
018	4	2	1	4	1.62	23.9	62.0	3	3	5	3	2	2	5	5			5	
019	4	7	1	1	1.71	7.8	36.9	5	5	4	5	3.5	5	3	3			4	
020	4	11	1	4	1.70	28.5	60.6	4	5	4	3	2	5	5	5			5	
021	4	3	1	6	1.64	31.4	63.0	3.5	5	4.5	5	2.5	5	5	5			4.5	
022	4	11	1	2	1.81	22.6	59.5	4	4	5	5	3	4	5	5			5	
023	4	3	1	7	1.87	28.8	65.4	3	6	6	4	2	6	3	3			6	
031	2	2	2	1	1.63	20.9	55.9	3	3	5	4	1	5	5	5			2	
032	2	3	2	6	1.39	39.3	68.4	4	5	5	5	3.5	5	5	5			2	
033	2	4	2	8	1.60	11.8	44.6	4	3	3.5	3	2	5	5	5			3	
034	2	1	1	7	1.69	22.9	60.3	4	3	5	3.5	3.5	5	5	5			3	
035	2	1	1	5	1.61	12.7	46.4	4	3	5	3	3	5	5	5			3	
036	2	3	1	4	1.59	15.5	49.3	4	3	4.5	3	3	5	5	5			3	
037	2	8	1	4	1.57	14.2	47.2	4.5	3	4.5	4	3	5	5	5			3	
038	2	11	1	2	1.74	42.8	71.5	4	2	5	4	3	5	5	5			3	
039	2	2	1	8	1.78	24.3	59.7	3.5	3	5	4	3.5	5	5	5			3	
040	2	7	1	8	1.51	27.4	62.8	4	3	4	3	3	5	5	5			3	
041	2	7	1	6	1.46	22.3	58.9	3	4	5	3	3	5	5	5			2	
042	3	1	2	4	1.80	22.4	59.2	4	2	4	3	3.5	5	5	5			2	
043	3	1	2	1	1.60	16.2	51.4	3.5	3.5	5	3	3	5	5	5			3	
044	3	1	2	7	1.91	6.2	33.9	2	2	4	3	3	5	5	5			3	
045	3	5	2	8	1.72	30.9	64.9	4	2	3	2	3	2	3	3			2	
046	3	8	2	3	1.83	6.5	31.3	5	3	5	3	3.5	5	5	5			4	
047	3	7	2	1	1.40	32.8	66.5	4	2	3	2	3.5	5	4	4			2	



## OVEN BAKE

[illegible]

Table 9 (Cont.)  
OVEN BAKE

Pencil		Humidity-200 hours					Salt Spray-100 HOURS				
Formula	Hardness	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Flash rust-Y or N	Gloss 60	% change 60 gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe
001	6	8	1	10	no	12.5	-46.35%	6	4	8	5
002	6	8	1	10	yes	17	-70.02%	6	4	8	4
003	6	8	1	8	yes	14.6	-78.62%	8	4	9	4
004	6	8	1	10	no	14.9	-55.92%	8	4	8	4
005	6	6	1	10	yes	16.7	-73.53%	8	4	8	4
006	6	8	1	10	Yes	15.6	-68.86%	8	3	9	5
007	8	6	1	9	yes	7.3	-88.13%	6	4	8	3
008	7	6	1	8	yes	7.4	-88.14%	6	4	9	3
009	6	4	1	10	yes	5.7	-90.40%	8	4	8	1
010	6	6	1	9	yes	5.7	-83.43%	6	3	8	1
011	6	6	1	10	yes	4.7	-80.08%	8	3	6	2
012	6	4	1	8	yes	5.7	-87.42%	6	4	7	2
013	6	6	1	9	yes	8.3	-75.66%	8	4	8	3
014	6	6	1	10	yes	9.9	-82.54%	8	4	8	3
015	6	2	1	9	no	6.7	-88.69%	8	4	7	3
016	6	4	1	10	no	7.4	-88.29%	8	4	9	2
017	6	4	1	9	yes	6.3	-86.62%	6	4	7	3
018	6	2	1	9	no	9.8	-84.19%	6	4	7	4
019	6	4	1	10	yes	4.4	-88.08%	6	3	5	0
020	6	4	1	9	no	8.1	-86.63%	6	4	6	2
021	5	4	1	10	yes	9.1	-85.56%	10	5	9	3
022	6	4	1	10	yes	7.9	-86.72%	6	4	7	3
023	6	4	1	7	no	11.9	-81.80%	8	4	6	3
031	6	8	1	5	yes	21.4	-61.72%	6	3	9	2
032	6	8	1	7	yes	25.7	-62.43%	8	4	8	3
033	6	8	1	8	yes	15	-66.37%	8	4	7	3
034	6	4	1	7	yes	24.6	-59.20%	10	5	10	4
035	6	8	1	6	yes	17.9	-61.42%	6	4	7	3
036	6	8	1	10	yes	15.7	-68.15%	8	4	9	3
037	6						-100.00%	8	4	7	4
038	6	8	1	9	yes	22.2	-68.95%	6	3	7	3
039	4	8	1	10	no	16.3	-72.70%	6	4	6	4
040	5	6	1	6	yes	26.6	-57.64%	8	3	6	3
041	6	8	1	9	yes	22.1	-62.46%	8	4	7	4
042	6	6	1	7	yes	15.4	-73.99%	10	5	8	3
043	6	8	1	10	yes	16.8	-67.32%	6	4	6	3
044	6	8	1	10	no	20.1	-40.71%	8	3	9	4
045	6	8	1	10	yes	17	-73.81%	8	4	9	3
046	6	8	1	10	no	18.1	-42.17%	6	4	6	4
047	6	8	1	10	yes	23	-65.41%	6	3	8	4

## OVEN BAKE

	Pencil	Humidity-200 hours						Salt Spray-100 HOURS				
Formula	Hardness	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Flash rust Y or N	Gloss 60	% change 60 gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	
.048	6	8	1	10	yes	16.8	-73.50%	6	4	9	4	
.049	6	8	1	9	yes	25.7	-60.58%	8	4	8	4	
.050	6	8	1	10	yes	14.9	-68.09%	8	4	8	4	
.051	6	8	1	10	yes	13.7	-78.32%	6	3	9	4	
.052	6	8	1	10	yes	12.9	-78.54%	8	3	9	4	
.053	6	8	1	10	yes	15.7	-72.55%	8	4	9	4	
.054	6	8	1	10	yes	15	#REF!	8	4	8	4	
.055	6	8	1	10	no	15	#REF!	6	3	4	3	
.067	6	8	1	8	no	13.1	-79.30%	8	4	4	2	
.068	6	none	1	10	yes	19	-72.26%	10	5	8	2	
.069	6	8	1	7	yes	18.4	-73.26%	8	4	8	2	
.070	6	8	1	8	yes	19.5	-71.20%	10	5	10	2	
.071	6	8	1	8	yes	19.4	-70.25%	8	4	7	2	
.072	6	none		10	yes	19.6	-72.39%	8	3	8	1	
.073	6	8	1	10	no	16.4	-75.67%	8	4	9	2	
.074	6	8	1	10	yes	15.9	-76.02%	8	4	8	2	
.075	6	none		8	yes	14.5	-78.23%	8	4	8	2	
.076	6	8	1	9	yes	13.3	-78.20%	8	4	8	2	
.077	6	8	1	9	yes	15.7	-75.99%	8	4	8	2	
.078	6	8	4	10	no	23.8	-63.77%	8	4	9	3	
.079	6	8	1	9	yes	17.2	-72.12%	6	4	8	2	
.080	6	8	1	9	yes	14.7	-77.89%	8	4	9	2	
.081	6	8	1	10	yes	16.8	-74.43%	8	4	8	2	
.082	6	8	1	10	no	12.9	-79.72%	8	4	9	2	
.083	6	8	1	10	no	14.3	-78.66%	10	5	9	2	
.084	6	8	1	10	yes	21.7	-67.61%	8	4	9	2	
.085	6	8	1	7	yes	17.6	-73.05%	6	4	6	3	
.086	6	8	1	6	yes	16.8	-72.64%	8	4	8	3	
.087	6	8	1	7	yes	20.9	-69.53%	8	4	8	3	
.088	6	8	1	9	yes	16.8	-67.32%	10	5	8	4	
KA 1400	4	none		10	no	96.5		8	4	10	2	
KA 1700T	9	none		10	no	18.4		4	2	4	7	
										</		

## OVEN BAKE

Salt Spray-200 HOURS					Impact		Adhesion		48 Hr. Water Soak			
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scratches	Forward	Reverse	MEK Rubs	treated aluminum	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion
001	6	4	8	5	24	< 4	100	4	10	5	10	5
002	6	4	8	4	24	< 4	150	5	10	5	10	5
003	8	4	9	4	24	< 4	500	4	10	5	10	5
004	8	4	8	4	24	< 4	150	3	10	5	9	4
005	8	4	8	4	20	< 4	250	4	10	5	10	4
006	8	3	9	5	24	< 4	200	3	10	5	10	5
007	6	4	8	3	20	< 4	700	4	4	3	9	2
008	6	4	9	2	28	< 4	1000	3	4	2	10	-1
009	8	4	8	0	28	< 4	1000	3	4	3	10	-1
010	6	3	8	2	24	< 4	800	4	10	5	10	3
011	8	3	5	2	24	< 4	1000	3	10	5	10	4
012	6	4	7	2	28	< 4	1000	4	6	2	5	5
013	8	4	8	3	24	8	650	4	10	5	10	4
014	8	4	8	3	32	< 4	450	5	4	3	10	2
015	8	4	7	3	28	4	1000	4	10	5	10	5
016	8	4	9	2	24	< 4	250	4	6	2	10	2
017	6	4	7	3	24	< 4	1000	3	6	3	5	4
018	6	4	6	4	24	< 4	450	3	8	2	2	4
019	6	3	5	0	24	4	800	3	4	3	4	3
020	6	4	6	2	28	< 4	1000	3	4	3	10	3
021	10	5	9	3	28	< 4	950	4	6	3	7	4
022	6	4	7	3	24	< 4	1000	3	8	4	10	5
023	8	4	4	2	24	< 4	1000	3	4	3	6	4
031	6	3	9	2	20	< 4	250	4	10	5	10	4
032	8	4	8	3	20	< 4	150	4	10	5	10	5
033	8	4	7	3	20	< 4	100	5	10	5	8	5
034	10	5	10	4	20	< 4	600	2	10	5	10	5
035	6	4	7	3	20	< 4	150	5	10	5	10	5
036	8	4	9	3	20	< 4	150	4	10	5	10	5
037	8	4	7	4	20	< 4	200	4	10	5	10	5
038	6	3	7	3	20	< 4	200	3	10	5	9	4
039	6	4	6	4	20	< 4	50	2	10	5	9	4
040	8	3	6	3	20	< 4	50	3	10	5	10	4
041	8	4	7	4	20	< 4	50	3	10	5	10	4
042	10	5	8	3	24	< 4	61	4	10	5	10	4
043	8	4	6	3	24	< 4	50	5	10	6	10	5
044	8	3	9	4	24	< 4	120	5	10	6	10	5
045	8	4	9	3	24	< 4	850	5	10	6	9	5
046	8	4	6	4	20	< 4	100	4	10	5	10	5
047	6	3	7	3	24	< 4	400	4	10	6	10	5

## OVEN BAKE

[illegible]

Table 9 (Cont.)  
OVEN BAKE

		QUV-Initial				QUV-500-HOUR				QUV-1000-HOUR						
Formula	60° Gloss	Delta E	Delta YB	60° Gloss	Delta E	Delta YB	% Loss of 60 gloss	Change In delta E	Change In YB	60° Gloss	Delta E	Delta YB	% Loss of 60 gloss	Change In delta E	Change In YB	
001	29.1	0.96	-0.21	18.7	2.85	1.24	-35.74%	1.89	1.45	18.5	2.00	0.55	-36.43%	1.04	0.76	
002	MISSING PANEL										MISSING PANEL					
003	68.5	0.31	-0.21	53.1	2.03	0.92	-22.48%	1.72	1.13	54.9	1.55	0.49	-19.85%	1.24	0.70	
004	46.9	1.65	-0.58	25.1	2.59	0.65	-46.48%	0.94	1.23	22.9	2.12	-0.05	-51.17%	0.47	0.53	
005	63.7	1.47	0.44	42.7	3.41	1.98	-32.97%	1.94	1.54	47.4	3.32	1.67	-25.59%	1.85	1.23	
006	50.2	0.25	-0.11	33.9	2.99	1.60	-32.47%	2.74	1.71	32.5	2.78	1.26	-35.26%	2.53	1.37	
007	63.0	3.72	3.03	18.9	3.89	2.40	-66.41%	0.17	-0.63	17.2	3.49	1.98	-72.70%	0.23	-1.05	
008	64.4	3.53	2.87	21.6	3.62	2.29	-66.46%	0.09	-0.58	16.9	3.15	1.72	-73.76%	0.38	-1.15	
009	57.7	3.01	2.45	18.4	3.13	1.87	-66.11%	0.12	-0.58	16.8	2.62	1.39	-70.86%	0.39	-1.06	
010	37.7	3.83	3.00	8.5	4.99	2.93	-77.45%	1.16	-0.07	8.9	4.47	2.37	-76.39%	0.64	-0.63	
011	25.2	4.12	3.01	6.2	5.34	3.01	-75.40%	1.22	0.00	5.7	4.54	2.31	-77.38%	0.42	-0.70	
012	49.8	3.85	3.03	14.1	3.96	2.40	-71.69%	0.11	-0.63	10.6	3.99	2.16	-78.71%	0.14	-0.87	
013	36.0	4.74	3.73	12.8	5.51	3.34	-64.44%	0.77	-0.39	11.9	5.09	2.87	-66.94%	0.35	-0.86	
014	63.7	3.30	2.50	17.9	3.91	2.36	-71.90%	0.61	-0.14	15.7	3.05	1.44	-75.35%	0.25	-1.06	
015	62.4	4.32	3.42	23.0	4.49	2.75	-63.14%	0.17	-0.67	16.8	3.84	2.15	-73.08%	0.48	-1.27	
016	70.3	4.08	3.30	29.1	4.07	2.54	-56.61%	0.01	-0.76	24.6	3.69	2.05	-65.01%	0.39	-1.25	
017	49.5	4.90	3.87	16.3	5.10	3.21	-67.07%	0.20	-0.66	11.9	5.07	2.83	-75.96%	0.17	-1.04	
018	67.5	4.79	3.74	26.1	4.50	2.85	-61.33%	0.29	-0.89	15.5	3.87	2.10	-77.04%	0.92	-1.64	
019	36.7	5.34	4.20	11.4	5.16	3.37	-68.94%	0.18	-0.83	8.3	4.44	2.51	-77.38%	0.90	-1.69	
020	68.3	4.31	3.48	30.3	4.64	2.98	-55.64%	0.33	-0.50	20.9	3.76	2.03	-69.40%	0.55	-1.45	
021	68.5	4.58	3.71	24.9	4.52	2.76	-63.65%	0.06	-0.95	20.7	4.16	2.30	-69.78%	0.42	-1.41	
022	64.8	5.02	3.96	18.3	4.84	2.94	-74.65%	0.18	-1.02	12.1	4.35	2.43	-81.33%	0.67	-1.53	
023	73.6	4.86	3.82	34.6	4.28	2.72	-62.93%	0.67	-1.20	24.7	3.89	2.13	-66.39%	1.06	-1.79	
031	59.2	0.51	0.05	50.4	1.23	0.69	-14.86%	0.72	0.64	51.5	1.45	0.71	-13.01%	0.94	0.66	
032	72.0	0.37	-0.35	59.7	0.88	0.33	-17.08%	0.51	0.68	63.2	1.33	0.47	-12.22%	0.96	0.82	
033	47.7	0.39	-0.02	33.3	1.05	1.11	-30.19%	0.66	1.13	38.8	1.71	0.88	-18.66%	1.32	0.90	
034	62.1	0.94	0.21	49.1	1.82	1.07	-20.93%	0.88	0.86	53.4	2.10	1.10	-14.01%	1.16	0.89	
035	46.1	0.82	-0.25	32.3	1.52	0.62	-32.85%	0.70	0.87	36.1	1.60	0.60	-24.95%	0.78	0.85	
036	50.0	0.18	-0.09	33.8	1.52	0.60	-32.40%	1.34	0.69	37.4	1.23	0.30	-25.20%	1.05	0.39	
037	48.5	0.59	0.06	34.9	2.25	1.22	-28.04%	1.66	1.16	41.5	2.13	1.08	-14.43%	1.54	1.02	
038	67.6	1.63	1.22	59.1	2.02	1.26	-12.57%	0.39	0.04	59.8	2.16	1.15	-11.54%	0.53	-0.07	
039	60.6	1.23	0.28	49.4	2.08	1.14	-16.48%	0.85	0.86	51.0	2.06	0.94	-15.84%	0.83	0.66	
040	64.7	0.61	-0.42	49.1	1.25	0.44	-24.11%	0.64	0.86	53.7	0.81	-0.01	-17.00%	0.20	0.41	
041	58.1	0.32	-0.15	42.9	1.58	0.75	-26.16%	1.26	0.90	48.8	1.60	0.69	-16.01%	1.28	0.84	
042	59.3	0.24	-0.19	41.2	2.38	1.23	-30.52%	2.14	1.42	44.5	2.04	0.89	-24.96%	1.80	1.08	
043	53.6	0.55	-0.53	41.6	1.95	0.91	-22.39%	1.40	1.44	44.6	2.05	0.75	-16.79%	1.50	1.28	
044	35.3	0.43	-0.08	25.3	2.47	1.25	-26.33%	2.04	1.33	29.6	2.33	0.98	-16.15%	1.90	1.06	
045	65.6	0.41	-0.41	58.1	2.16	1.19	-11.43%	1.75	1.60	59.7	2.44	1.09	-8.99%	2.03	1.50	
046	36.1	0.42	-0.11	28.3	2.63	1.31	-21.61%	2.21	1.42	31.2	2.63	1.19	-13.57%	2.21	1.30	
047	66.9	0.30	-0.08	66.6	1.93	0.89	-12.11%	1.63	1.07	61.7	2.01	0.77	-7.77%	1.71	0.86	

## OVEN BAKED

[illegible]

Table 9 (Cont.)  
OVEN BAKE

Formula	Viscosity, setting, and pH Stability (6 weeks at 140F)											settling amount	settling type
	Initial KU	final KU	% change	Initial ICI	final ICI	% change	Initial pH	final pH	% change	settling amount	settling type		
001	98	gelled		1.6	gelled		9.58	n/a		n/a	n/a		
002	140	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.59	n/a		n/a	n/a		
003	94	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	n/a		
004	79	gelled		0.69	gelled		8.65	n/a		n/a	n/a		
005	138	gelled		1.83	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a		
006	108	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a		
007	91	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a		
008	95	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.42	n/a		n/a	n/a		
009	68	gelled		0.492	gelled		9.09	n/a		n/a	n/a		
010	85	gelled		9.42	gelled		9.45	n/a		n/a	n/a		
011	83	gelled		0.69	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a		
012	69	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.56	n/a		n/a	n/a		
013	74	gelled		0.56	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a		
014	89	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.39	n/a		n/a	n/a		
015	61	gelled		1.12	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a		
016	88	gelled		1.83	gelled		1.897	n/a		n/a	n/a		
017	61	gelled		0.68	gelled		9.47	n/a		n/a	n/a		
018	68	gelled		1.28	gelled		9.64	n/a		n/a	n/a		
019	63	gelled		2.34	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	n/a		
020	78	gelled		1.19	gelled		9.85	n/a		n/a	n/a		
021	69	gelled		0.78	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a		
022	80	gelled		0.88	gelled		9.57	n/a		n/a	n/a		
023	70	gelled		1.37	gelled		9.24	n/a		n/a	n/a		
031	93	gelled		1.5	gelled		9.01	8.21	-8.88	10	soft		
032	72	gelled	-18.80	0.9	1.40	65.11	9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a		
033	88	gelled		1.13	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a		
034	80	gelled		1.95	gelled		9.33	n/a		n/a	n/a		
035	83	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.23	n/a		n/a	n/a		
036	88	gelled		0.85	gelled		9.55	n/a		n/a	n/a		
037	92	gelled		1.38	gelled		9.58	n/a		n/a	n/a		
038	88	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	n/a		
039	101	gelled		0.54	gelled		9.39	n/a		n/a	n/a		
040	86	gelled		1.79	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a		
041	82	gelled		0.98	gelled		9.5	n/a		n/a	n/a		
042	85	gelled		0.7	gelled		9.49	n/a		n/a	n/a		
043	81	gelled		1.35	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a		
044	85	gelled		1.18	gelled		9.22	n/a		n/a	n/a		
045	75	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.37	n/a		n/a	n/a		
046	73	gelled		0.7	gelled								
047	84	gelled											



## OVEN BAKED

[illegible]

(Key for Tables 7, 8 and 9)

Resin 1 = Binder resin C2

Resin 2 = Binder resin B28

Resin 3 = Binder resin B27

5 Resin 4 = Binder resin B29

Dispersant Amount:

1 = Dispersant used in pigment grind as in Example G.

2 = Dispersant used in pigment grind and in final mix as in Example H.

10

Pencil Hardness Ratings:

0 <3B

1 3B

2 2B

15

3 B

4 HB

5 F

6 H

7 2H

20

8 3H

9 4H

Blister Density:

1 Dense

2 Medium dense

3 Medium

4 Few

5 No Blister

While this invention has been described by a specific number of embodiments, other variations and modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims.

The entire disclosure of all applications, patents and publications cited herein are hereby  
5 incorporated by reference.